The Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 6.—Third Year. VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1887. No. 32

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HEAVY WINTER OVERCOATS,

Capes, Gloves, Mitts, Mufflers, &c.,

SO VERY CHEAP FOR CASH, AT

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A New Line of the Latest Style HARD HATS, just received, in Black and Brown.

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THE AMERICAN HOTEL,
YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
Established 1860. Rates $1.00 to $1.50 per day. T. J. BURNES. jaly13

THE CLARENCE.
FRANK G. RICHARDS, JR., Lessee.
Cor. Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Tourists' headquarters. New and elegant in all its appointments. Fully supplied with all conveniences of modern hotels. First-class in every respect. Prices moderate.

ORIENTAL HOTEL.
WM. MCKEON & SON, Prop's.
American plan. Is the most desirable first-class hotel in the city. Terms moderate.

THE OCCIDENTAL.
JOSEPH BAYLEY, Propr.
The Home from Home, cor. Wharf and Johnson streets, Victoria, B. C. Fronting on the wharves of the California, Puget Sound and Fraser steamers, Canadian Pacific and E. & N. railways. Largest and most convenient Hotel in the city. Everything new. Table well supplied. Bar and Billiard Room attached. Fireproof building. Imported Edinburgh and Burton Ales always on draught. Rates—$1 to $1.50 per day, according to location of rooms.

THE GORDON HOTEL.
ROBERT McDERMOTT, Propr.
[illegible] "Old Bob" will be found at his usual business of selling "Sod Whisky," but good Cigars, [illegible] cordially invites old and new friends to give him a call.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.
JOHN BERRYMAN, Propr.
Board and Lodging, per week.......$5.50 and $6.
Board, per week.......$4.50
Beds, per night.......
The bar is supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Southeast corner Fort and Douglas streets, Victoria.

HOTELS—VANCOUVER.

THE BURRARD HOTEL.
MARTIN & BALFOUR, Prop's.
Corner Carroll and Cordova streets, Vancouver, B.C. The only first-class hotel in Vancouver.

DOUGALL HOUSE.
JOHN DOUGALL, Propr.
Cor. Cordova and Abbott sts., Vancouver, B. C. Finest Hotel in the city. It is a new building, containing every appliance for the protection, comfort and luxury, including fire escapes, of guests. European and American plan. Fire in all rooms. Sample room for travellers. The dining room is in charge of Mr. SCHLENK, who is unrivalled as a Caterer.

HOTELS—NEW WESTMINSTER.

HOLBROOK HOUSE.
NEW WESTMINSTER.
Has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished throughout. Conveniently situated within easy distance of railway and steamboat landings. First-class in every respect. Rates $1 to $1.50 per day. JOHN RANKIN, Proprietor.

HOTELS—KAMLOOPS.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.
KAMLOOPS, B. C.
Is situate at the junction of North and South Thompson Rivers and is one of the most delightful locations in the Province. First-class accommodation for tourists. Stage meets all East and West trains.
J. T. EDWARDS, Proprietor.

HOTELS—WINNIPEG.

NEW DOUGLAS HOUSE.
WINNIPEG, MAN.
Most conveniently situated for strangers visiting Winnipeg. Pleasant and cheerful rooms, giving a fine view of the chief thoroughfare of the city. Prices moderate for first-class accommodation. Free 'Bus. BENNETT & CO., Proprietors.

RESTAURANTS.

BELVIDERE RESTAURANT.
F. DAVIS, Proprietor.
Yates street, bet. Government and Broad streets. Open day and night. First-class in every respect. Everything in season. Give us a call. Meals from 25 cents upwards.

EDUCATIONAL.

CORRIG SCHOOL.
A PRIVATE AND HIGH CLASS BOARDING SCHOOL.
The spring term will re-open on Monday, January 10th, 1887. Full staff of Instructors. Few vacancies for Boarders.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
W. J. CAMPBELL, B. A.
Private tuition for candidates preparing for examinations. Kane street, west above Blanchard.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

ST. ANDREWS and CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, Broughton street, between Government and Broad streets, on the FIRST FRIDAY of every month. All Scotchmen are cordially invited.
WILLIAM SCOTT, Secretary.

AN ENTERTAINMENT IS GIVEN AT TEMPERANCE Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance speakers and Musical Selections, with Readings, forming a good programme. The Blue Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 7:45. [illegible] GRAY, President.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—An established Hotel business [illegible] with a good trade [illegible] [illegible] of the Post Office. A good chance for a man with some CASH. Address, for particulars, "Hotel," TIMES office.

Condensed Advertisements

Inserted on this page, such as Situations Vacant, Situations Wanted, For Sale, To Let, Personal, Lost and Found, and similar advertisements, when not exceeding five lines—forty words—three insertions for 25 cents, and one week (six times) for 35 cents; and if longer than one week, 25 cents additional to the foregoing, per week, will be charged.

PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS inserted at the following special rates:—Cards occupying five or seven lines space, classified, $1 per month. Each additional line, ten words, 25 cents per line per month.

Special arrangements made for advertisements not inserted every day.

WANTED.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN LANDLORD.—I will buy you a Lot and build you a House, large or small, and accept monthly payments at about the same rate as you now pay for rent. Apply to GEO. HOUSTON, Rand Bros., Estate Agents, City.

WANTED—A Nursemaid. Apply to Mrs. D. R. Harris, James Bay. feb7

IF YOU WANT Domestics, Farm hands, Labourers, Mechanics, Cooks, Waiters, etc., or any kind of labour done, call at the B. C. E. Bureau. PICKERING & Co., Fort St. Telephone 21.

TO RENT.

FOR RENT.—Two front rooms on the sunny side of the Street over the late Queens hotel, Yates Street, suitable for office or dental rooms. Apply to A. Greer & Son, Yates street.

TO RENT.—Two Front Rooms, furnished, Bedroom and Sitting Room, in the pleasantest part of the city; also use of kitchen if required. Address "Apartments," TIMES office.

FOR RENT—A four-roomed House, 20 minutes' walk from Post Office, with Outbuildings complete; will rent furnished or unfurnished. Apply to A. Oldershaw, Craigflower Road, Victoria West.

FOR RENT.—One or two Rooms to let at Denny's, over Victoria House; splendid light; entrance to rooms in sixth, at head of stairs. Also Room on ground floor, 22x18, in rear of the Victoria House, entrance Broad street; suitable for sample or work room. Apply to WM. DENNY.

FOR SALE.

FOR RENT—Suite of rooms, or single rooms, to let furnished or unfurnished, on Fort Street, 2 minutes walk from the Post Office.—Address B. C. TIMES office.

FOR SALE.—Two teams TRUCK HORSES, weight 1300 and 1450; also four good driving Horses, all under seven years old. Apply to JOHN CAMERON, Victoria.

FOR SALE.—A Farm of 100 acres in South Saanich, 15 acres of which are under cultivation; buildings ordinary. The Saanich road runs through it. Is ten miles from the city. Also, a team of Draught Horses, Harness and Wagon; a Boat, with sails and rigging complete. All at a great bargain. Apply to J. R. McKenzie, Esquimalt Road, or Victoria P. O.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A farm of about 100 acres in Sooke. For further information apply to D. McMillan, New Westminster; or to J. D. Campbell, Esquimalt.

FOR SALE—A first-class Fire-Box Boiler. Can be seen at the residence of Capt. Pamphlet, David street, Rock Bay.

TEAS, WINES AND SPIRITS.

JOHN BOYD,
IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER
in Teas, Wines and Spirits. Finest Scotch Whiskies, specially selected for their excellent qualities, are unsurpassed in the Province.
P. O. 492. YATES STREET.

PHYSICIANS.

DRS. HALL & HALL,
PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS AND ACCOUCHEURS.
☞ Special attention given to diseases of the Throat, Chest and Skin. J. L. HALL, M.D., C.M. | ☞ Special attention given to diseases of the Eye and Ear. F. W. HALL, M. D., C. M.
Office—Theater Block, Douglas street. Consultation free.

MUSICAL.

HERR HEINRICH BOHRER,
PROFESSOR OF PIANO.
From Montreal, has arrived, and will remain, for a permanency in Victoria. For terms, etc., address Hotel Driard, where he may be seen daily.

Cable and Telegraph News.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The Cabinet held a session this afternoon to consider the proposed bill for the government of Ireland.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 12.—Francis Laurent the historian and publicist, is dead.

It is announced that all the forts in Belgium along the frontier of France have received complete war armaments, and preparations have been carried to the extent of mobilizing troops. King Leopold will be Commander in Chief of the Belgian forces, with Gen. Brialmont as Chief of Staff. The Count of Flanders, brother of the King, will command the first army corps and Gen. Vandersmissen the second.

Advices from Mandalay say that the rebel leader, Thanba, of Woontho, refused to surrender and is destroying the villages where the inhabitants are suspected of inclining toward the British.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—The government is purchasing timber in Bohemia for the purpose of constructing barracks.

Another Candidate.

It is rumored that a large delegation have waited upon Capt. McCallum to induce him to become a candidate for the representation of the Victoria district in the present contest. The Captain has many friends and admirers in the city, where he would be certain to poll a considerable vote. His decision will be made known either this evening or to-morrow.

LOOKING TO CANADA.

The London Times on Home Rule as in Operation in Canada.

Difficulties in Governing so Many and Remote Provinces.

The London *Times*, a few weeks ago, published a well considered article on the Federal system of government in Canada, which at the present juncture in our history is worthy a perusal. From that article we make the following extracts:

IT IS A SUCCESS.

When the Dominion of Canada was formed in 1867 the statesmen who formed it found in the American Constitution a precedent which exactly met the necessities of their own cases. By adopting the forms of a federal union they were able to effect a partial separation between Upper and Lower Canada, without undoing the good results of the settlement of 1840. They were also able to leave room for the reception of British Columbia and for the new provinces which they hoped in due time to add to the Dominion. When they came to distribute legislative authority between the Dominion Parliament and the Provincial Legislatures they took pains to be as distinct as the difficulties of the subject would permit. In the first place, they made an express enumeration of the subjects assigned to the two authorities respectively; in the second place, they reserved for the Dominion Parliament, in general terms, all such matters as were not expressly assigned to the province. The position of the Dominion authorities is tolerably clear in point of law; but, of course, this is not a question to be decided by lawyers. It is to the politician and not to the jurist that we turn to discover whether the confederation of 1867 has or has not been a success. A good deal of Canadian opinion may be summed up in the statement that confederation has been a success in so far as the Federal government has succeeded in assuming a national character and in evoking a national sentiment.

THE MARITIME PROVINCES.

While the feelings arrayed in support of the confederation are strong, there are also some forces at work against it. A good many Canadian Liberals are dubious about the "national idea," partly because they are in opposition, partly because they are free traders; but, most of all because the Parliament at Ottawa dwarfs the importance of local institutions to which they are attached. If you ask a New Brunswick Liberal what he thinks of the confederation of 1867 he will tell you that he is not in favor of repeal, but he will give you to understand that Ottawa is to him a distant and not altogether a friendly power. Let the Northwest be developed by all means he will say; but why should we develope it? Why should we bear a protective tariff which increases the cost of living and restricts our trade with the States, for a policy from which New Brunswick derives no direct benefit? In the neighboring province of Nova Scotia discontent seems at first sight to present a more threatening front. The Liberals there are pledged to repeal. With some repealers it is a question of better terms; they think the province has not received its fair share of the favors of Ottawa. Others, again, are honestly of opinion that Nova Scotia would be more prosperous as an independent colony than as a member of the confederation. The Nova Scotia members who are sent to support Sir John Macdonald seem to attach no importance to the Home Rule movement. They assert that the agitation is got up for the purpose of supplying the local Liberals with a reason for their existence as a party.

POLITICS IN QUEBEC.

The recent politics of Quebec afford a curiously complete illustration of some difficulties of dual government. After the suppression of Riel's rebellion, a motion was brought forward in the Quebec House of Assembly condemning the conduct of the Federal government. The Conservative premier opposed the motion, and pointed out that the House was being asked to go beyond the constitutional limits of its authority. This argument has cost Dr. Ross dear; Rouges and Bleus—Liberals and Ultramontane Conservatives—combined against him, and he was denounced by the organs of the French Parti National. The Nationalists hold that their province is sovereign; they persist in regarding the Dominion Parliament as a kind of committee for the discussion of subjects in which the provinces happen to have a common interest. The more extreme among them would like to see their representatives at Ottawa organized as a Catholic Home Rule party, holding the balance between Liberals and Conservatives as the Parnellites have tried to hold it at Westminster.

ONTARIO AND THE DOMINION.

Ontario, the Empire Province, as its inhabitants are wont to call it, might seem at first sight to be wholly given over to Liberalism. The "Grits" have been in office there for half a generation, and their power gives no sign of breaking up. But here, as in Nova Scotia, there is a marked difference between the results of provincial and federal elections. A Toronto Conservative, explaining the difference to an English visitor, took occasion to define his own political position in these terms. He said: "I am a Conservative, but I take no active part against our provincial government. Mr. Mowat is an excellent man, and his government is honest and economical. But I support my own people actively in the Dominion elections because they are the authors of our protective tariff. The Liberal government of Ontario has been in conflict more than once with the Conservative government of the Dominion, but their conflicts have taken the harmless form of arguments before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council. Dual government always gives importance to the legal element in politics; and it is a great advantage to Canada that legal disputes are carried in the last resort to an Imperial tribunal of unsuspected impartiality, which settles them *pulveris exigui jactu*, by the interpretation of some phrase in the British North American Act. The Judicial Committee has decided some important points in favor of the provinces. It has, for example, been held that lands escheated to the Crown for want of heirs belong to the province and not to the Dominion. The property in question was not large, but the provinces hailed the decision with peculiar satisfaction, their claims having been neglected on the ground that provincial authorities were subordinate to the Dominion, and could not directly represent the Crown. The advocates of provincial rights are thus reconciled with the federal power just because they see that it is not an unlimited power, but a power created and controlled by Imperial authority. The Dominion did not create the rights of the provinces, nor can it take any of these rights away. Here we touch the difficulty of those who would apply Canadian experience to the problem of Irish government. No British statesman ventures to propose that the Imperial Parliament should become a limited body. But if Home Rule in Ireland, Scotland &c. is to become a reality, the Imperial Parliament must be, and ought to be, limited. If the Dominion had possessed unlimited power to legislate for the provinces, the Canadian Confederation would not have stood.

CANADIAN LESSONS.

The foregoing notes of Canadian politics may serve to correct the notion of those who think that a scheme of dual government works itself if it is only well devised at the outset. All such schemes give rise to a certain degree of friction, and local jealousies may always be stimulated by party men for their own purposes. If we try to compare the Canadian Confederation with our own institutions, some characteristic differences are worth noting. In the first place, dual government involves what we might think an excessive amount of political machinery. The number of governing persons in Canada must be very large in proportion to the population. Two legislatures having authority within the same territory imply two sets of officials and two sets of taxes. As yet the Canadians have have not felt their burdens too heavy. The scale of official salaries is low, and the governments possess an immense public treasure in the shape of land and timber. The Federal Government raises its revenue by indirect taxation, and the electors are under the comfortable impression that customs duties are paid by the foreigner. If the government had to be conducted on the European scale, I am disposed to think that the expense of the dual system would be somewhat serious.

If it should ever be necessary to refashion the institutions of the United Kingdom, the results of Canadian experience may be given in a very few sentences of practical advice. First, it is well in such cases that the preliminary inquiry should be as thorough as possible. The Canadian Confederation was formed after years of discussion, in the course of which many different schemes were soberly considered and compared. Again, it is well that constitutional legislation should be as clear as language can be made. The British North America Act is clearly and honestly drafted; it has given rise to many controversies, it has also prevented many. Finally, it is well to acknowledge that when an Act of this kind is passed it is impossible to foresee the difficulties which will arise in working it. No form of government, single or dual, can produce political union, except in so far as the people and countries included within it are united in interest and sympathy.

EASTERN NEWS.

Cream of the Press, by Wire and Mail.

Several wild bulls broke loose while being driven through the City of Mexico, and killed a number of persons. The bulls were of the famous Atenco breed destined to be used at the coming bull fight. A large crowd, mainly of young people, were following the animals, and when they broke loose they charged directly into the crowd, trampling and goring the people to death. They were roped after a severe struggle.

The lower House of the Minnesota Legislature to-day passed the high license liquor bill, which had already passed through the Senate, and will now become a law. Governor McGill will sign the bill which fixes the license at $1,000 in cities of over 10,000 population, and in towns of less than 10,000 inhabitants, $500.

The steamer Samuel Daly, of New London, was cut through by the ice at Saybrook Point yesterday afternoon and sank. Capt. Spaulding, his wife and child and the seamen got into a boat, but before she could be freed from the vessel it went down. The captain and one seaman were saved and the others lost. Mrs. Spaulding's body was found floating being held up by her clothing.

George Lockhart, deputy sheriff at Navajo Springs, accompanied by A. D. King and J. Palmer on Monday morning went to the Navajo reservation to arrest an Indian for horse stealing. They found him at the reservation surrounded by a large party of the tribe. The Indian resisted arrest when Lockhart shot and killed him instantly. The other Indians returned the fire. The three men, Lockhart, Palmer and King, were killed and left lying where they fell. The sheriff's posse killed two Indians and wounded two others.

Thomas Houston & Co., wholesale woolens, Toronto, has suspended; the liabilities are $40,000. Aaron Friendly & Co., overall manufacturers, offers 25 cts. on the dollar.

The fishermen of Frontenac have decided to ask the government to open up the reserved waters between the foot of Wolfe and Howe Islands, and Montreal, for fishing purposes, between June first and September first, except during the close season.

Cornelius Mahoney, New Orleans, was a large and handsome middleaged man, an expert cotton classer, who for many years lived with his mother, to whom he was tenderly attached. Last Sunday his mother died and was buried. From that Mahoney seemed disconsolate and crushed with sorrow. Before daylight this morning he was seen by a servant to leave his house going towards the rear of the town in his under-clothing. A couple of hours later he was found in the old canal. Determined to die he had swallowed a dose of poison, stabbed himself several times above the heart, cut his throat near the jugular, and then plunged into the muddy canal where he died of strangulation.

Chief Justice Short has been sworn in as administrator at Quebec, during Governor Masson's absence.

It is reported that the Canard steamers Bel'a and Alpha have been purchased or chartered by the Dominion Government for service in protecting the fisheries.

The Ottawa *Journal* says that Mayor Fell's address should read: (1) Fell; (2) Victoria; (3) Vancouver Island, and so on. The Mayor's charity, it says, undoubtedly begins at home.

Gems of British Columbia.

Ladies who have had their children's photographs taken at Mrs. R. Maynard's Studio during last year, 1886, and have not received their yearly gems through the mail or otherwise, can do so by calling at the studio, Douglas street.

THE POLITICAL FIGHT.

Meeting of the Oppositionists on Saturday Night.

A Platform Adopted—Resolutions Carried—Nominations.

The announcement made through the columns of THE TIMES that a meeting of those who did not fully endorse all the acts of the Macdonald government would be held in Denny's hall last Saturday evening, drew out a considerable number of the electors of the city. The hall is not a very large one, yet it was comfortably filled there being over two hundred present. It was merely a preliminary meeting; one called for organization purposes. It had been stated that there would not be a sufficient number attend to make a baker's dozen, so scarce and few in numbers were the Liberals of the city supposed to be. There were other counter attractions which kept a number from coming out. Otherwise the hall would not accommodate the attendance. Those who took the initiative in the movement are pleased with the result of their efforts to establish a Liberal association in Victoria.

The meeting was called to order by Mr. Thomas J. Burnes being moved to take the chair. That gentleman, in accordance to the wishes of the audience, thanked those present for the honor conferred on him. He would call on the Hon. Mr. Richards to state the object for which the meeting was called. That gentleman did so in a few well chosen remarks.

The first resolution was moved by the Hon. A. N. Richards as follows:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting it is desirable to form a Liberal association for the electoral District of Victoria.

Mr. Chas. F. Beaven seconded the resolution which was carried unanimously.

The chairman then intimated that a book had been prepared wherein the names of those desiring to join the association with the following heading:

We, the undersigned electors of Victoria are desirous of forming a Liberal association for the purpose of advancing the Liberal cause in this electoral district.

Mr. Chas. F. Beaven stepped forward and was the first to record his name. He suggested that the book be passed around. The chairman in intimating that this would be done since it was necessary to ascertain how many in the audience were in sympathy with the movement and this was the only practical way to test the matter. Several left the room at this stage, whilst many others arrived. Upwards of forty gentlemen signed the roll.

Mr. Gideon Robertson moved that the Hon. A. N. Richards be President of the Association. Seconded by Dr. J. T. Jones. Carried.

Mr. McLagan moved, seconded by Mr. C. F. Beaven, that Mr. J. T. Burnes be first Vice-President. Carried.

Mr. Burnes, in acknowledging the compliment, said that he had been a resident of Victoria since 1858. He expected to die here. He had yet to visit the eastern portion of the Dominion and learn some of its politics. That was a trip he had in contemplation. He had formed an exalted opinion of the Hon. Edward Blake, whom he looked upon as a gentleman of whom any country should be proud. He was a Blake man and wished everyone to know it.

Dr. Milne nominated, and Mr. Gideon Robertson seconded, Mr. E. V. Bodwell, Jr., as Secretary-Treasurer of the Association, which was carried.

Mr. — Hale moved, and Mr. — Dempster seconded, the appointment of a committee to draft a constitution, to consist of the President, Vice-President, Secretary and the mover.

The Hon. Mr. Richards then stated that now as a Liberal association had been formed in Victoria he hoped it would bear good fruit. He briefly referred to the progress the country had made within the last twenty years; combatted the idea that Sir John Macdonald or the Conservatives were the progressive men or the fathers of the country. The action taken by the late Hon. Geo. Brown and his colleagues in entering into a coalition with Sir John Macdonald to carry out confederation was referred to, as was also the C. P. R., and the manner in which it was built. He concluded by moving:

That this meeting is in favor of legislation limiting the charges of the C. P. R. Company making them uniform throughout the Dominion.

Mr. C. F. Beaven, in seconding the motion, expressed pleasure at the formation of a Liberal association in the city. He always had been a Liberal and believed the outlook now was most encouraging for the success of the party on the 22nd inst. The resolution carried.

Mr. Milne moved the next resolution, seconded by Mr. Hersey:

"That in consideration of the enormity of the increase of our public debt, we believe that if the same ratio of our indebtedness continues it must lead to national disintegration, therefore be it resolved that we instruct our representatives in the Commons to disapprove of any measure in parliament tending to increase that indebtedness." Carried.

Moved by J. C. McLagan.

That in the opinion of this meeting, owing to the financial necessities of the Dominion, a custom tariff is necessary. Nevertheless the present tariff is so branded that it bears unduly on a large and important class of the people—the artizans; that it favors the few at the expense of the many. Therefore efforts should be made to so adjust the tariff that these inequalities shall disappear; that it be further amended by allowing all raw material, not the natural products of the country, when intended for manufacturing purposes, to enter duty free.

The mover dwelt at some length on the National Policy and its general effect upon the country, especially as regards the artizan classes.

Mr. J. J. McClymont, in seconding the resolution, showed how the tariff was oppressive on the working man. He also said that he had lived for many years in the United States, but now having returned to the land over which the Union Jack floated, the flag of his land of nativity, he intended taking his part in the political discussions on the questions of the day. He maintained that a high tariff meant high taxation for imports became almost prohibitory and the people had time to make up the shortage in some manner. He had formed a profound admiration for the Honorable Edward Blake, whom he regarded as the Moses for the Canadian people in the present crisis. The resolution was carried.

The following planks were read by Mr. McLagan:

LIBERAL PLATFORM.

1st. Provincial rights.

2nd. Manhood suffrage; one man one vote. The Province to control its own franchise.

3rd. Provincial representation in the Cabinet.

4th. An equitable apportionment of the public monies, for expenditure within the Province, in improvements on rivers and harbors and the development of the country's latent resources.

5th. The adoption of a comprehensive scheme in connection with Victoria's harbor improvement. The expenditure in the past not being adequate to its positive requirements, or at all commensurate with the revenue collected by custom imports.

6th. A readjustment of the present fiscal policy, whereby existing inequalities will be removed. The admission free of duty of all raw material, not the natural product of the country, intended for manufacturing purposes.

7th. An advocacy, in a dignified manner, for a revival of the reciprocity treaty with the United States, abrogated shortly after the civil war in that country.

8th. The right of Canada to negotiate commercial treaties with foreign countries.

9th. Reconstruction of the Dominion Senate by making it an elective body.

10th. The rapid accumulation of the national debt renders a curtailment in the controllable expenditure imperative.

11th. To check the questionable system of allowing ministers of the crown and members of parliament to accept bribes in the shape of land grants, timber limits, coal lands or subsidies to railways in which they are interested pecuniarily.

12th. To urge the necessity for guarding the public domain from plunder and spoilation by land grabbers and speculators to the detriment of the bona fide settler.

13th. A curtailment in the annual expenditure in connection with foreign emigration.

The several paragraphs were read seriatum and adopted without a dissenting voice.

The question was then asked if it was the wish of the audience, whose views were in sympathy with the foregoing platform to nominate a candidate to carry them out in parliament. From all parts of the hall the cry came of "Yes, yes!"

The Hon. A. N. Richards then stepped forward and nominated Dr. George S. Milne as the first Liberal candidate of the first Liberal Association organized in British Columbia. Mr. Richards paid a very high compliment to Dr. Milne for his personal honesty, probity and popularity with the people of the district. He was certain the doctor would poll a very large vote for he was a well known gentleman.

Mr. Gideon Robertson seconded the nomination.

The Hon. A. N. Richards was nominated, as were also Capt. McCallum and other gentlemen. The captain was not present in person to speak for himself. His mover and seconder withdrew his name, and the others named declined the nomination.

Dr. Milne's nomination was then put to the audience and carried unanimously amidst rousing cheers.

The doctor, on coming forward, was received with applause. He said he did not deserve the honor conferred on him. He was a Liberal; had always been one; but would never allow himself to be led by any one, nor allow others the right to think for him. His views on the general questions of the day were in sympathy with those of the Liberal leaders in the east. If he entered the contest he would expect the aid and co-operation of those who did not endorse the policy of the present government in all its transactions. He was of the opinion a better man could have been selected as the party's standard bearer for the electoral district of Victoria.

Mr. Richards suggested that before nomination day another candidate might be selected and placed in the field.

Mr. Templeman suggested the forming of a central committee at once to arrange for prosecuting the canvass. The names of twenty prominent gentlemen were proposed and carried.

Mr. Matthew Gardiner, formerly of Meaford, Ont., offered a few remarks. As an eastern Liberal he was pleased to be present that evening, and the more so as the nominee of the meeting was an acquaintance of his from boyhood. He paid a graceful tribute to the doctor and his family, all of whom, as far back as his recollection carried him, were Liberals.

Three cheers were then given for the Queen, Dr. Milne and for the Hon. Edward Blake, after which the meeting dispersed, to meet again on Tuesday evening at the call of the President.

Campaign Comments.

Col. Thos. Scott, it is reported, will re-enter the field in Winnipeg. There is said to be some uncertainty about his appointment as Collector of Customs, and the gallant Tom does not propose to take any chances.

Hon. David Laird, ex-Governor of the Northwest territories, is the Liberal candidate in Assiniboia. He is receiving an enthusiastic reception from the French and English halfbreeds and will get the unanimous support of the Metis.

The liveliest meeting of the campaign in Ontario thus far has been held in St. Catharines, where the Cypress Hills timber limits was discussed. It is in connection with this matter that Rykert preferred a suit for $10,000 damages against Robinson, the Liberal candidate. The charge was reiterated and elaborated at the meeting, and Rykert was challenged to proceed with the suit or to take proceedings to have Robinson committed for contempt for discussing a matter which is sub judice. The Tory candidate and his friends became wild with anger and a free fight was threatened for a while. Rykert's dodge to shut off hostile criticism by means of his libel suit is not working well.

At a Conservative meeting in Toronto ex-Mayor Boswell said that just before Riel's execution a secret meeting of the Conservative leaders was held at Toronto, at which one of the most prominent men present said that if Sir John Macdonald lifted only his little finger to prevent the hanging of Riel they would choose another leader. The statement created a sensation and there were angry denials and recriminations amongst the Tories on the platform. The position in which it places Sir John is most unenviable, as it practically makes the execution of Riel the result of political necessity.

Dr. Lafferty, of Calgary, has received the Liberal nomination for Alberta. The prospects for his success are said to be good. The doctor is a native of Perth, Ont., and an enthusiastic Liberal.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

First Session of the Fifth Legislative Assembly.

TENTH DAY.

MONDAY, Feb. 14th.

The Speaker took the chair at 2:25. Prayers by Rev. Mr. Beanlands.

RETURNS.

Hon. J. Robson presented a return of correspondence in respect to the contracts entered into with the C. P. R. Co.

Mr. Ladner moved: "That an order of the House be granted for a return of all highways gazetted on the north side of Fraser river, in townships 17, 20 and 23, New Westminster district, and a return of all moneys expended since 1st July, 1883, on roads and bridges in the above townships; classifying the amount expended upon each gazetted highway, and the amount expended elsewhere."

The mover said large sums had been expended upon roads which had been surveyed but not gazetted. The people of the district were loud in their complaints, and two or three lawsuits had already been entered owing to disputes which had originated in consequence of uncertainty as to where the line ran. Seconded and carried.

Hon. Mr. Robson asked leave to introduce a bill entitled "An act to repeal (in part) the 'Sumas Dyking Act, 1878.'"

Hon. Mr. Beaven called attention to the fact that the Sumas Dyking Act was a private bill, and he could not understand how it was proposed to deal with it now as a public bill.

Hon. Mr. Robson said the original Sumas Dyking Bill had several times been amended by public bill.

Hon. Mr. Davie held that it was open to the House to repeal a private bill by a public act, especially if the original is contrary to the public interest.

After considerable discussion, Mr. Speaker said he would consider the point and give a decision to-morrow. The motion was therefore deferred.

Mr. Orr moved, "That a respectful address be presented to the Lieutenant-Governor, praying that a copy of all correspondence between the Provincial and Dominion governments be sent down to this House respecting the railway bridge across False Creek, in the District of New Westminster." The mover said the company had erected a solid structure across False Creek, greatly to the injury of navigation. He desired to know if the government had made sufficiently strong representations on the subject to the Dominion authorities. Seconded by Mr. Ladner, and carried.

Mr. T. Davie moved: "That a select committee be appointed, with power to call for persons, books and papers, to inquire into and report to the House upon the conduct of the last general election in the city, and whether any obliterated ballot papers were supplied to any of the electors thereat, and under what circumstances. Such committee to consist of Messrs. Beaven, Grant, Turner, Prior and the mover."

The mover said he was not actuated by any personal feeling, but was anxious to have an investigation into a matter of very great importance to the House. It was a matter seriously affecting election by ballot, and as neither Messrs. Beaven or Grant had moved in the matter he thought it was incumbent upon him to do so.

Mr. Turner seconded the motion.

Mr. Grant said when this question was before the House incidentally, he had said that it had been stated to him that a line had been drawn through Mr. Beaven's name on the ballot paper; he did not say that the name had been "obliterated" and objected to the use of that word in the resolution. The parties who had informed him of this fact would, no doubt, be prepared to substantiate the statement.

Mr. Davie amended the motion as suggested.

Mr. Beaven said the mover had not used the words in his motion which had been used in the House. What he had stated had been said with deliberation, and in expectation that the government would take the matter up. This was a question that the government should have moved in, and not have left it to a private member. He had not used the word obliterated, but had said that it was reported that ballots had been given out on which his name was apparently marked out.

Hon. Mr. Davie thought it was essential in the interest of good government that an investigation should take place. The government had no intention of allowing the matter to pass without taking action, and would have moved in the case had the member from Victoria not done so.

Mr. Bole was of opinion that however the government speakers might be reported in the *Colonist*, there was no doubt the opposition were not correctly reported by that paper as was evidently the fact that on numerous questions of privilege the inaccuracies of that journal's reports had been pointed out. He entirely agreed with the proposition that questions of this kind should be enquired into, and pointed out that had the opposition moved in the matter, as suggested should have been done by the Attorney-General, the motion should have been voted down, as had already been the case when they brought forward similar motions. He moved to amend the motion by adding thereto: "Whereas, The members from New Westminster city and district have stated in this House that the Provincial Secretary had informed the electors in June last, when prosecuting his canvass, that there was $100,000 of the dry dock refund still on hand for expenditure on the mainland," &c., that the said statements be at the same time enquired into.

The "Boodler's" Apologist.

Were the *Colonist* and its *protege* allowed to have full swing in this city gag law and thuggism would prevail. In the eyes of our contemporary it is a heinous crime for the Liberals in this city to meet openly and above board for the discussion of questions affecting the welfare of the country. We hope to the belief that the opinions of the juveniles of our contemporary will not be asked by the Liberals as to what they shall do, or how to conduct themselves. It has a funeral of its own in hand at present, requiring all the attention the *Colonist* can give it. The success of the Liberal's meeting is no doubt galling to the "boodler's" apologist.

The steamer Holland, from London for New York, reported yesterday arriving in Queenstown with the loss of her propeller, and was towed past [illegible] this morning.

The *Times*, commenting on the [illegible] on Parnell's [illegible], says that the United forces of the Separatists only [illegible] in showing that they are in a [illegible] minority.

THE DAILY TIMES,

PUBLISHED EVERY LAWFUL AFTERNOON,

By the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Lim'td.

At the Office of Publication, Yates Street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION TERMS:

Delivered by Carriers in any part of the city, for the week, for .... 25 cts
If paid in advance, one year for $10 00
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Mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain, daily, per annum 10 00
Subscribers by the week will oblige by paying the collector promptly.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain, as follows:
One year, postage paid $2 00
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Subscription price strictly in advance.
When mailing money, letters should be registered to insure safety. Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO., L'D,
Victoria, B. C.

Advertising Rates:

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line, solid nonpareil: First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line for each insertion. No advertisement in this classification inserted for less than $1.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing business—published at the following rate per line space of solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisement: More than two days and not more than one week, 30 cents. More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 40 cents. More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 50 cents. No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2, and accepted only for every day insertion.

Notices inserted amongst City and Province items will be charged 15 cents per line for each insertion for less than one Week; for a period not exceeding two weeks, 10 cents per line, and for one month $1 25.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of specified period will be charged the same as if continued for full time.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on wood.

Advertising Rates for The Weekly Times:

THE WEEKLY TIMES enjoys the largest circulation in British Columbia, and is therefore an unrivaled advertising medium. Those who have tested the matter will cheerfully endorse this statement. A limited number of advertisements will be inserted at rates which can be ascertained on application at the office. A special discount will be made to long term advertisers, on both daily and weekly editions.

J. C. McLAGAN, Manager.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Monday, Feb. 14, 1887.

ANOTHER HUGE DEFICIT.

For months back the Conservative press throughout the country have been loud in its boastings of an assured surplus for the current financial year, sufficient, many had the hardihood to assert, to offset the deficiency of $5,800,000 for the last year. The customs duties collected at Montreal were taken as a basis on which to build this airy Conservative superstructure. Alas, however, for the county's best interests, it is now found that for the first seven months of the year—from returns published in the Canada *Gazette*—the Dominion, for that period, spent the enormous sum of $20,523,573! The receipts for this corresponding period were $19,735,303, leaving a deficiency of nearly $800,000, with much more yet to follow. The question will naturally present itself that if Canada spends in the next five months at the same rate as we have done, it is clear our total expenditure will be well over thirty-five millions of dollars; but every man of any experience in financial affairs knows perfectly well that the expenditure in the last five months of the year is always much larger in proportion and that it is but too probable that our expenditure will overrun $37,000,000, and that it will be well if it does not reach $38,000,000, while our revenue, judging from the uniform experience of many previous years, is not at all likely to increase proportionately, except in the event of a rush to anticipate heavy additions to the tariff. Nobody expects this last contingency to occur, so that we must make up our minds to another very heavy deficit. This, too, it is well to recollect, occurs in the very face of heavy additional taxation imposed last session. How long the credit of this, or any, country can withstand such a shock we do not presume to say. Those who remember the scenes which occurred in the last Parliament of the two Canadas in 1866, when Sir. A. T. Galt, then Minister of Finance, in the last year of Sir John Macdonald's stewardship of the affairs of our old province, deliberately stated (vide our reports of 1866), that he was unable to borrow money on the credit of Canada at *eight* per cent!!! and that the selling price of Canadian *five* per cents was then seventy-five cents in the dollar; may realize how injurious to private as well as to public credit such a state of affairs is. History repeats itself, and if ever a government has been rushing headlong into bankruptcy it is that which now disgraces Canada. The deficit of 1885 was $2,240,000, that of 1886 $5,865,000, and it would not be a matter of surprise if that of 1887 reached $7,500,000 or more.

MR. BLAKE'S PLATFORM.

In the course of his great and exhaustive speech at Montreal on the 1st inst., the Hon. Edward Blake enumerated the following questions as amongst the most prominent subjects forming the political platform of the Liberal party in Eastern Canada. They are: (1) Responsibility to the people; (2) An honest and efficient executive, which would prevent rebellion in the West and discontent in the East; (3) Reform in the civil service; a good and efficient staff; abolition of the present superannuation system; (4) The right to make our own treaties; (5) Reduction of taxation as soon as possible; (6) Reduction of duties on raw material; (7) An earnest effort to promote reciprocal trade with the South; (8) Full recognition of the federal character of our constitution; (9) No more taxes; (10) Full recognition of provincial rights; (11) Home rule in our Dominion; (12) Justice to all, favors to none; (13) An end to jobbery and corruption; (14) Reduction of expenditure to a small amount; (15) Determination to put down distinctions of race and creed in favor of Canadian brotherhood and nationality; (16) Eternal justice and equal rights; (17) Civil and religious liberty; (18) Tolerance and forbearance of the strong towards the weak; (19) Morality and temperance, morality and religion hand in hand; (20) Advancement of the race.

THE PROBABLE OUTCOME.

It is safe to assume that the final outcome of the present international dispute will be the appointment of a commission to settle the boundaries of the fisheries and dispose once for all of the question of territorial jurisdiction on the high seas, that is, the headlands question. It will be a relief to the public men of the three countries interested, Great Britain, the United States and Canada. The same commission should take in hand the Alaska boundary and the rights of the United States in the eastern part of Behring sea, which are in dispute. It is important that there should be no unsettled questions between Great Britain and the United States, since Canada is always likely to be

"Feather bed twixt castle wall
And heavy dint of cannon ball."

The fisheries question once out of the way, Canada is not likely to have any trouble with Uncle Sam on her own account. The Fenians have attacked her on more occasions than one, but this was in order to get a blow at England and not because of any hatred of Canada for her own sake. There is no reason why the people of the republic and the people of the Dominion should not live on the most neighborly terms, and it is noticeable that even the fire-eaters who are twisting the tale of the British lion have nothing to say against the people of this country. They probably recognize the fact that the world is large enough for us all.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

France and Germany appear likely to meet on the field of battle before long, and if so, up will go the price of breadstuffs and provisions.

Montreal *Monetary Times*: Any great change in the tariff, as a result of the elections, is improbable; and any great disturbance to business from this cause, we think, need not be feared.

The price of black birch of best quality, says a Lower Province exchange, has recently gone up from $7 to $95 per thousand. The extraordinary advance is due to the discovery that boards cut out of the first logs are susceptible of a very high polish, and can be used for almost any purpose hitherto exclusively reserved for mahogany, which is worth $250 a thousand.

Sir Charles Tupper met with a royal reception in his native County of Cumberland, N. S., being welcomed back with one of the grandest ovations ever given to any man in Cumberland, notwithstanding the drifting snowstorm prevailing all the time. In acknowledging the honor accorded him, Sir Charles briefly but touchingly referred to the band of Union that had existed between the people of Cumberland and himself for thirty-three years. He would discuss the issues of the campaign in future addresses, but embraced the earliest opportunity to explain his position on the temperance question. He had been a total abstainer for a great many years and would vote for prohibition as soon as ever public sentiment would enforce that law.

The Conservative writers assert that the settlers in the Northwest had no just cause for becoming hostile to the Dominion government. It should, however, be remembered that within four months after the outbreak of the rebellion the Government Commissioners settled 1,942 halfbreed claims, giving scrip for $279,200 to 1,710 claimants, and 55,260 acres of land to 232 who preferred it in satisfaction of their Indian title. Yet the government say that the halfbreeds had no grievances! Was it no grievance to about 4,200 very poor people that 1,942 of them were kept for seven years out of so much property? Why did the government give the scrip and land to them if it was not their just due? If it was their just due did not the government cause the rebellion by neglecting seven years of petitions for the settlement of claims that were easily disposed of in four months? Yet all the claims were not settled even then, as the Commissioners urged attention to many others which they were not empowered to deal with.

OUR VOLUNTEER FORCE.

Canada Can Produce Splendid Material for Soldiers.

From the Canadian Military *Gazette* we learn that the Canadian militia consists of two portions, active and reserve. The latter consists of all males between the ages of 18 and 60 not enrolled in the active militia. For convenience of embodiment the Dominion is divided into brigade, regimental and company divisions. This, however, has not been done in Manitoba, British Columbia or the Territories, the sparsity of population hitherto having prevented it. Enrolment of the reserve militia has not taken place for many years. The active militia force of the Dominion is maintained by compulsory and voluntary enlistment, each section of the country being liable to be called upon to furnish its quota. Hitherto there has been no necessity to compel enlistment, as the force has been kept up to its standard by numbers of active and patriotic men who believe that they are fulfilling a duty to their country in serving in her forces. The government supplies new uniforms every five years, and furnishes sufficient supply of arms and accoutrements to every corps on its organization. Officers, however, have to equip themselves entirely at their own expense, an outfit costing from $250 to $600, according to the branch of the service. Officers and men are paid for their services according to their rank, the Militia Act providing that not more than sixteen days per annum should be paid for, the usual number of days drill now being twelve. In most of the principal corps this drill pay is turned into the regimental fund in order to bear the expenses not provided for by the government, which in a first-class corps are very heavy. The militia are liable to be called out at any moment for active service in case of invasion, insurrection, or riot, and for such service are paid according to the rank. Commissions in the militia are issued in the name of the Queen under the hand of the Governor-General. There is no doubt but that Canada produces splendid material for soldiers, and in the case of necessity the Canadian militia should form an important portion of the defence of the Empire on whose flag the sun never sets, and to whom we are so proud to belong.

Dominion Elections.

To the Electors of Vancouver Island District for the House of Commons.

Gentlemen,—

I beg to announce myself as a candidate at the ensuing Dominion Election for the representation of your important district in the Parliament of Canada.

I again solicit your confidence as a firm supporter of the Liberal Conservative party, whose wise policy has raised the Dominion of Canada to her present exalted position.

I will hold public meetings wherever I find it possible to do so, of which due notice will be given and at which I will give an account of my stewardship during the four years that I have had the honor of representing you in the House of Commons.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Yours truly,
D. W. GORDON.

Nanaimo, Jan. 17th, 1887. jan19-dw

To the Electors of the City of Victoria District.

Gentlemen:

I again offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages at the coming Election, as a Conservative, but not as a slave to any party. My platform will be: (1) The well-being of Victoria and District, which has been entirely overlooked; (2) Vancouver Island and its varied interests; (3) British Columbia in general; (4) The Dominion and its people. As Mayor of the city, I feel it will enable me to bring before the Dominion Government those varied interests with greater force and effect.

Yours, &c.,
JAMES FELL.

Victoria, Jan. 18. jan19

To the Electors of Vancouver District.

Gentlemen,—Having been requested by a large number of Electors to allow my name to be placed in nomination as Liberal Conservative Candidate for the House of Commons for your large and important District, I respectfully announce myself as a Candidate for the favor of your support at the coming election.

I will be pleased to hold public meetings wherever possible as soon as dates can be arranged.

Yours Faithfully,
J. P. PLANTA.

Nanaimo, V. I., Jan. 24th, '87. jan28

To the Voters in the Electoral District of Victoria.

Gentlemen,—I am a candidate for the Ottawa House of Commons as a supporter of Sir John A. Macdonald.

T. B. HUMPHREYS.

DOMINION ELECTION.

To the Electors of the Electoral District of Victoria

Gentlemen:—I beg respectfully to announce myself a candidate for re-election to the Commons, as a supporter of the Liberal-Conservative party.

E. CROW BAKER.

Victoria, January 24, 1887. jan24

Dominion Election.

The undersigned announces that he is a candidate for the representation of the Victoria Electoral District in the Commons of Canada, and respectfully solicits the vote and influence of the electors in said District.

W. A. ROBERTSON.
jan 18

To the Electors of Electoral District of Victoria

Gentlemen:

I beg respectfully to announce myself a candidate for re-election to the Commons, as a supporter of the liberal conservative party.
jan 17 NOAH SHAKESPEARE

Notice to Stockmen.

THE SHORT-HORN DURHAM BULL

"LORNE"

Will be offered for service until further notice at the Farm of the undersigned. Foul Bay. Terms—$5, each.

The Thorough-bred Berkshire Boar

"CONQUEROR"

is also offered for service. Terms—$4, cash.
jan29 lm D&W J. S. SHOPLAND.

BUTTER.

200 Kegs Choice Brockville and Morrisburg

BUTTER,

For sale by

THOS. EARLE.
jan8

VICTORIA

LOAN OFFICE.

Money advanced on Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry of all kinds, Guns, Pistols, Trunks and contents, &c., &c.

☞ UNREDEEMED PLEDGES for sale. Business strictly confidential.

44 JOHNSON STREET,
Opposite Railroad Hotel. P.O. Box 598.

IMMENSE SUCCESS

BIG SALES

OF

Dry Goods

AT

Popular Prices

All our Winter Stock of Ladies and Children's Jackets, Dolmans, Wraps, Wool Shawls are still further Reduced in price.

Latest Styles in Fur Capes, Silk Waterproofs, Fur-Lined Circular Dolmans, &c., are all to be sacrificed to

CASH!

Ten Cents on the Dollar is still the big incentive, and we continue to give that discount for ready money.

Children's Handsome Ulsters from 40 cents.

Woolen Stockings from 10 cents per pair.

Come to the ALBION HOUSE

And Save 25 per cent.

BROWN & WHITE,
Government Street.

COAL! COAL!

The Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Company (Limited.)

Best Vancouver Coal

$7 PER TON OF 2000 LBS.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

The above Coal is Hand-Picked and of the Best Quality.

WM. CROFT,
OFFICE—FOOT of YATES STREET.
jan18 lm

Wood and Coal.

Consumers, Attention!

VANCOUVER COAL,

Of a superior quality, delivered in any part of the city, at $7 per ton. Also,

GOOD WOOD!

Delivered at current rates PER CORD (not loaded).

☞ All orders left at J. FINLAYSON'S store, corner of Broughton and Government streets, or at the SCOTCH BAKERY, Douglas street, will receive prompt attention from the undersigned.
nov21 lm A. C. HOWE.

ISLAND RAILWAY

Cordwood & Timber Yard

RUSSELL'S STATION.

First-Class Cordwood, and full cords guaranteed.

Cedar Posts and Poles for sale, and delivered to all parts of the city, at reasonable rates.

ADAM INNES, Agent.
Corner John and Government Streets
Telephone Call No. 148. jan4

THE OLD RELIABLE

JOHN BULL

BITTERS.

UNEQUALLED.

A. B. GRAY & CO.,
VICTORIA,
Sole Agents for British Columbia
nov28 D&W

A. A. Aaronson,

PAWNBROKER.

Money advanced to any amount on Diamonds, Watches, Trinkets, Trunks and Contents, or on any Approved Security.

Ladies and Gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing purchased. Parties waited on at their residences. INDIAN CURIOS in rare and endless variety. Note the address—Johnson Street between Broad and Government. ol4

Yorkshire Market,

ESTABLISHED 1862.

W. W. EVANS & CO.,

Yates Street, between Government and Broad.

Beef and Pork Packers. Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Pure Leaf Lard. Every class of goods pertaining to the business. nov23 ly

CLOTHING AT COST!

A Genuine Clearance Sale of Clothing

AT COST FOR CASH,

Prior to Stock Taking, will take place at

The Golden Rule Clothing Store,

Commencing MONDAY January 17th, and Continuing Thirty Days.

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits.

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Overcoats.

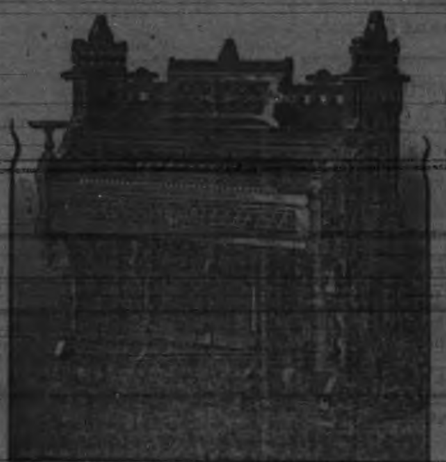
Men's, Youth's and Boys' Pants.

All to be Sold at Cost Price, for Cash, at

THE GOLDEN RULE CLOTHING STORE, - - YATES STREET.
jan15

THE GENUINE

BELL ORGAN.



Manufactured by
W. BELL & CO.,
GUELPH, ONT.,

Is the pioneer in Canada, is today the only recognized *High Class Instrument* manufactured in the country.

The Superiority OF THE

Bell Organ

has been demonstrated at all the World's Fairs, and the demand is constantly increasing.

Intending purchasers will do well to call on the AGENTS FOR VICTORIA,

C. A. LOMBARD & Co.,
Government Street,
sep23

The Cash Store!

ERSKINE'S

Boot and Shoe Emporium,

Corner Government & Johnson Sts.

BEST VALUE IN TOWN.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

If you will call on us you will find that our Stock of BOOTS and SHOES is well-selected throughout. We make a SPECIALTY OF REPAIRING; for neatness we cannot be beat. You will find us at

112 Government Street. IRVING BROS.

NOTICE.

Just Received from Eastern Markets, a Fine Line of

Chinchilla & Cheviot

SATIN LINED

OVERCOATS

Ordered expressly for my customers.

For Capes and Cuffs for gentlemen; Boys Fancy Overcoats; For Capes for men and Boys.

—ALSO—

Tweed Pants, from $2 upwards; Black walking Coats; at $3.50 each, Sack Coat, $3.50 each; Diagonal Suits at $5 per suit. And a full line of

Furnishing Goods, Clothing, Hats, Trunks, Notions, Etc.

LEWIS LEWIS,
YATES STREET. no 25-2m

Empire Brewery.

HENNING PETERS, late of the Lion Brewery, is now prepared to supply the trade and families with all kinds of

Beer, Ale and Porter.

The Brewery is situated on Spring Ridge, and is built over a well of pure, ever running spring water. This fact enables me to manufacture the very finest brands, equal to any imported Ale, Beer and Porter.

The machinery used is of latest pattern, the ingredients are pure water, malt and hops, and a trial is only necessary to convince that the brands are the finest manufactured in the Province.

All orders for city supply, or for shipment to Island or Mainland points will receive prompt attention and a satisfactory article furnished.

HENNING PETERS,
Empire Brewery,
sep19 tf Spring Ridge, Victoria, B. C.

John Meston

CARRIAGE MAKER,

BLACKSMITH, Etc.,

Government street, between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

VICTORIA, B. C. tl

VANCOUVER CITY.

100 Choice City Lots

FOR SALE,

IN SAMUEL GREER'S SUBDIVISION OF Thirty Acres, fronting on English Bay, adjoining the location of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's WORKSHOPS, ROUND HOUSE and Terminal Buildings. This is the most desirable property on English Bay and must increase rapidly in value.

Prices are low and terms so reasonable as to place them within the reach of every one.

Plans of lots, prices and conditions, can be obtained on application to

SAMUEL GREER,
oct8 tf Vancouver.

TOWN OF FARWELL.

Lots for Sale.

ALLSOP & MASON.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

ONE of the best farms in Cowichan District comprising 180 acres of excellent land about 120 acres on the Flats and under cultivation which produces enormous crops of grain and roots. A great number of cattle, horses, hogs, poultry, etc., and all necessary farm implements including self-binder, mowers, etc. The owner also keeps a store and does a very good general business on the place. For further particulars and terms apply to the owner, Fernke Farm, Cowichan, B. C., or to Messrs. Fell & Co., Victoria. aug20 D&W

Glasgow and London

FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Capital	$2,591,000
Government Deposit	100,000
Reserve	512,000
Income	1,100,000
Assets in Canada	160,624

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,
Glasgow and London Building, MONTREAL.
D. MARSHALL LANG, General Manager
London, England.

JAMES BURNS,
Agent for British Columbia—Office, Langley Street, Victoria, B. C.

☞ Every description of Fire Insurance effected at Lowest Rates.

Samuel May & Co.,

TORONTO.

Manufacturers of

Billiard & Pool Tables,

With Steel and Monarch Cushions,

Importers of and Dealers in all kinds of

BILLIARD MATERIAL

Ten Pin Alley-Balls Pins, &c.

Always in stock the B. C. Agency.

R. G. & R. WALKER,
Spencer's Arcade, Victoria.

COMPLETE REVOLUTION

IN

Monumental Work,

WHITE BRONZE

MONUMENTS

Drawings and testimonials may be seen at the Office of the Agents for Victoria,

R. G. & R. WALKER,
nov20 D&W 6m Spencer's Arcade

John Weiler,

MANUFACTURER OF

FURNITURE

OF ALL GRADES,

And Importer of

Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Carpets, Oilcloth, Linoleum,

AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

AGENT FOR DOMINION

WIRE MATTRESSES,

Only Mattress Manufactured in Canada using Oil-Tempered Springs; awarded First Prize wherever exhibited, and testimonials from leading institutions throughout the whole Dominion. Call and examine them. Also

IRON BEDSTEADS

Combined with above Mattress.

☞ The Trade Supplied at Lowest Rates.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

P. O. Box 218, Victoria, B. C.
jan28

SAUSAGE SEASON

1888.

JULIUS BARRAN

SAUSAGE MANUFACTURER,

Yates St., Next the Clarence.

I beg to notify my customers that I am now prepared to supply the TRADE with the very best Sausage of any kind. I make large QUANTITIES of the BEST quality of Fresh Sausages. I use only the best quality of meat, and the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] and most extensive and complete MACHINERY. I am able to supply the trade with a FIRST-CLASS ARTICLE at a moderate price. At the same time I do not pretend to compete with the [illegible] that is offered to the public by others in the trade, who have not the facilities, do not use good material, and are not able to make a good article. The good qualities of BARRAN'S SAUSAGES are known throughout the whole Province, and every one should give them a trial.

de18 JULIUS BARRAN.

FOR SALE,

Craigflower Steam Mills

Now doing a good business. Capable of making the best article of

OATMEAL

In the Province. Also,

A PEARL BARLEY MILL

Together with a SAWMILL, Shingle Saw. An Oatmeal Miller will find this a rare opportunity. Apply to

sep23 D. F. ADAMS.

JOSEPH SEARS,

House & Sign Painter,

Glazier, Paper Hanger,

AND DEALER IN

Paints, Colors, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass and Wall Paper.

YATES ST., ABOVE DOUGLAS,
jan29 lm

"AH-GOO!"

Vot vas it mine baby vas trying to say,
Ven I goes to loog crib at der end of der day!
Und mit vonder der plaster pugs ten leedle toes,
Do pink und so sweet as der fresh plooming rose;
Und twisting und curling demselves all abouidt,
Like dey vas saying: "Vo vandt to get out!"
Vile dot baby looks oup, mit dose bright eyes so plue,
Und don't could say noding, shust only:
"Ah-Goo!"

Vot vas it mine baby vas dinking abouidt,
Vhen dot thumb goes so quick in his sweet leedle mout,
Und he looks right avay like he no understandt
Der reason he don't could quite swallow dose handt;
Und he digs mit dose fingers righdt into hees eyes,
Tinks dis here ain't fader mit fear und surprise;
Und vhen mit dose shimnastic dricks he vas dro,
He lay back und crow, and say mit badt:
"Ah-Goo!"

Vot makes dot shmall baby shmile vhen he's ashleep?
Does he dink he vas blaying mit some von "bo-peep?"
Der nurse say dhose shmiles vas der sign he haf colic—
More like dot he dhreams he vas hafing some frolic;
I feels dot shirt nurse mit green ahlike some day,
Und dhen ouf she shmiles, I poked what she say;
Vhen dot baby got crampt he find something to do
Except shmile, und play, und keep oup here
"Ah-Goo!"

Look me, sometimes, vhen I looks in dot crib,
"Vill der shtrell froudt, von day, dake der place off dot bib?
Vill dot blue eyed baby, dot's pooling mine hair,
Know all vot I knows abouidt drouble and care?"
Dhen I dink off der vorldt, mit its pride und its sins,
Und I vish dot mineself und dot baby vas twins,
Und all der day long I haf noding to do
Budt shust laugh und crow, und keep saying:
"Ah-Goo!"

—Charles Follen Adams in Youth's Companion.

BOOKKEEPING IN THE TREASURY.

The System Never Changed Since the Early Days—Technical Defalcations.

The system of bookkeeping in the treasury has never been changed since the early days, when the transactions of this government were very small. At present it can be truly said that there is no system. The books of the treasury, until last year, had not been balanced since 1830. Something of the loose way of the government in transacting business is shown in an experience of Gen. Rosecrans, the present register of the treasury. Since he has come into the office of register of the treasury he has found that he was short in his account as an army commander to the amount of $3,400. As he had furnished vouchers for everything, and was not conscious of owing the government a cent, he began to look up his old accounts. He found that the vouchers were not in the treasury. He went over to the war department and there found them in the private safe of the chief clerk, where they had been overlooked and forgotten.

If the general had died without making this discovery he would have gone on the record as a technical defaulter, and his estate could have been held for the amount. The general is trying to have all these balances cleared up. He has found that there is a long list of balances due the government, which have been carried on the books since the formation of the treasury. These alleged balances foot up in the neighborhood of $35,000,000. Probably not over 10 per cent. of them are really due the government, but have been permitted to accumulate because there is no system of bookkeeping which properly notes and follows up the set offs.

John Adams, the second president, is a technical defaulter to the United States for over $20,000. Lafayette is also down on the books as owing the government several thousand dollars. There is a number of prominent names in the long list. Gen. Rosecrans will ask congress to create in his office a division of balances. It will be the duty of the clerk of this division to follow up each set of accounts, search for all vouchers, and then present true balances. Those that are not charged against dead people long gone by, and against impoverished estates, will, under his system, be charged up to profit and loss, as are worthless accounts in private business. With a system like this the books of the treasury can be balanced every year.—Washington Cor. New York World.

AMONG ENGLISH HOP PICKERS.

Batches of People Going Home from Work—Singing the Hopping Songs.

"Thank God, I've got that lot off!" said the stationmaster. It was a noisy batch of hop pickers going home from a small station on the Hastings line. I had occasion to travel in a "third" to the next junction; my fellow passengers were a few quiet country folk, the hoppers being safely stowed in a forward carriage. But, alas! at the next station there was another batch, and into our carriage they literally tumbled, tossing in children and bundles till there were twenty-four persons added to the nine already in the double compartment. Then began a scuffle to get the screaming children right way up, with a good deal of strong language at the top of powerful voices. There only two men, quietly drunk; the women were sober and noisy.

As my neighbors were not over clean I thought myself lucky in having a large black cooking pot on the seat next to me. A few genial words soon put me on a friendly footing with the nearest women. They were going home to Whitechapel, and should be glad to get home, though they had enjoyed the outing. "Five weeks and a day we've been at it. It's more for the change than the wages, though the money helps on for the winter for them as keeps it; just look at the children." They looked fat and ruddy, the picture of health. "Don't the hops make the children sleep in the field?" "Yes, but don't we just sleep after a day's picking, that's all!" When they were fairly settled and had got the children packed in among the bundles they set to work to sing the hopping songs.

"Who makes the songs?" "We make 'em ourselves; new ones every year, and the tunes, too." The first song was about the hops, their quality and how much they fetched, the next about the master and the members of his family, each person being the subject of a verse—one old lady got rather rough handling, and they could hardly sing, or rather scream, her verse for laughing. The next song vaunted the quality of the gin of their native Whitechapel, contrasting it with what they got in the neighborhood of Bedlam, to the disadvantage of the latter, both as to price and flavor. This was a short song and a merry one. Then came a song without words, only a succession of sounds like hubbubbubboo, the final boo being strongly accented, and only occurring at the end of six repetitions of hubbubbub. The tune was a capital one, nearly the same in time, pace and structure as a tarantella. I suppose it was a dance.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Queer Fun in New York State.

A couple of generations ago, when Port Chester, N. Y., was called Sawpits, some village youngsters organized the Sawpits Brass band. Every year this band has had a grand parade. At 8 o'clock Saturday a procession was formed consisting of more than 100 of the old and young, in all sorts of fantastic costumes. Professor Harry J. Hunt, band leader, appeared as a Mikado. Gen. Butler, President Cleveland, John L. Sullivan and Dr. Talmage were grouped on a gorgeous truck. In other vehicles were goats, bears, wolves and other animals. Then there were [illegible] and [illegible], frogs and pigs, and donkeys. A band of Indians, in war paint and feathers, was headed by [illegible] as chief. More than twenty trucks, handsomely decorated, were in line. After the parade the Sawpitters had a banquet and held a pow-wow around an improvised campfire. The old settlers told of the [illegible] in their younger days, and [illegible] at a late hour.—Chicago [illegible].

FOR THE SCHOOLROOM.

SUGGESTIONS AS TO HOW IT MAY BE MADE ATTRACTIVE.

Cleanliness of Primary Importance—A Source of Untidiness—Chalk Dust, Window Shades and Pictures—Flowers, Mottoes, Books and Magazines.

A clean schoolroom is pleasant even if wholly unadorned; but a dirty room is unsightly in spite of the most elaborate decoration. Before we begin to beautify our school room, therefore, let us make it clean. The greatest source of untidiness is ink. No loose ink bottles should be allowed in the room. Ink wells sunk in the desk are the best to use.

To keep the floor free from papers, it is only necessary to provide a large waste basket. This should be of simple and chaste design, and may be made ornamental as well as useful.

Many schoolrooms are rendered unsightly and unhealthy by chalk dust, and yet this source of annoyance and danger can be almost entirely done away with by the use of the dustless crayon. The best eraser is made of chamois skin.

Now, having our room bright and clean, we are ready to decorate.

Maps and globes of soft and well arranged hues should be preferred to those of brilliant and inartistic coloring.

Passing to things not commonly considered necessary, I will first mention window shades. Even where there are inside blinds, it will be found that shades or curtains give the school room a home like look, and not only aid in furnishing it, but also afford great relief to the eyes.

INFLUENCE OF GOOD PICTURES.

Pictures are within the reach of all. Good pictures exert a constant influence, gradually and insensibly raising the taste of the pupils, and refining their thoughts. But cheap pictures are far better than none; always provided they be good of their kind. A good wood cut is better than a poor steel engraving, and a good steel engraving is better than a poor painting. Nothing is better than portraits of eminent men. Views of noted places are of great interest and value. The geography lesson is more pleasantly committed if the pupils can have meaning given to the long, hard names by a glance at good pictures of the places they are studying. Photographs of ancient sculpture illustrating classical mythology are eminently appropriate. So are photographs of classic scenes and buildings, such as the plain of Troy, the ruins of Pompeii, the Coliseum and the Parthenon.

Mottoes are pretty decorations for a schoolroom. They have also a far greater moral power than most persons would suppose. Who can estimate the potency of the world's aphorisms and proverbs!

Nothing can be more beautiful or fitting for school adorning than flowers. It is a pretty custom of many rural towns for the little children to bring a bouquet of wild flowers each morning to "teacher." It will be well to have a few pots of flowers always blooming in the window.

In a corner of the room should be a handsome book case filled with well bound books of reference—the dictionary and cyclopedia, of course, and a good atlas and gazetteer. Then add as many books of travel, history and science as possible. In another corner I would have a table covered with baize, on which should be laid a daily and a weekly paper, and one or two of the leading monthly magazines. A few comfortable chairs about this table would be attractive on rainy days, before school and during the "nooning."—Youth's Companion.

A Story of Robson and Crane.

Not far from Robson and Crane's summer home at Cohasset there stands in a shady nook a little house of worship, which both the actors are wont to attend every Sabbath regularly—unless the wind is good for a cruise in Mr. Crane's yacht. One bright Sunday morning last summer, while the birds were chirping in the trees to escape sunstroke, and the sheep and cattle browsed on the tender pasturage or waded in the brooks to cool off, the comedians, accompanied by their wives, hitched up the carryall and drove down to church. The members of the congregation are great admirers of Robson and Crane—who have lived among them so many years—and are always disposed to extend them such delicate and flattering attention as a seat in the amen corner, permitting them to act as ushers, to pass the contribution box and the like.

It so happend that on this particular occasion the worthy deacons who officiated in passing the plates were absent, so the good old pastor from his pulpit kindly asked: "Won't Brothers Robson and Crane be kind enough to take up the regular missionary offering, while Sister Jones plays a short selection?" The comedians cheerfully stepped from their seats in the cool corner and passed up the aisles with the round, old-fashioned boxes so common in eastern houses of worship. Not more than thirty people were in attendance at church that morning, and the contribution was not what it might have been—in fact, in Mr. Robson's box there were but two nickels and three two cent pieces, while Mr. Crane's boasted of the trifling sum of two nickels and three one cent pieces. On being asked to state the amount of the collection, with a far-away look upon his dreamy face, Mr. Crane rose, mechanically shook each contribution box, and replied, in a sort of half-asleep, midnight voice: "Brother Robson has a pair of fives and three deuces, and the pot's mine, for I've got two fives and three aces." It took Mr. Crane all one week to explain individually to the horrified congregation how he came to fall so far from grace.—Boston Herald.

A Passenger's Optical Illusion.

"Want to hear a strange case of optical illusion?" inquired Assistant Passenger Agent Whitney, of the Michigan Central railroad. "A few days ago a young man boarded one of our trains for Hyde Park. When near his destination he walked out upon the platform of the car and waited for the train to slacken its speed. As it did so the young man walked down the steps, only to find another train standing, as he supposed, on the opposite track. The train, however, was approaching at full speed, while his own train, which was now at the depot, was at a dead stop. The young man, however, imagined that it was his own train that was tearing along the rails, and, fearing that he would be carried past the town, braced himself for a leap in keeping with the 'speed' of his train. Just as the other train was about to rush by the young man made a terrific leap, and, as might be expected, landed on his back. A brakeman who had witnessed the amusing spectacle jumped from the train and rescued the bewildered man just as the other train swept past with a roar."—Chicago Herald "Train Talk."

Ex-Premier Gladstone's Library.

Ex-Premier Gladstone has a library containing nearly 15,000 volumes. Works on theology are the most numerous. He also has large departments devoted to Shakespeare, Dante and Homer. "The great Forgotten poet," by the way, whom he quoted on Monday, together with Aristotle, Bishop Butler and St. Augustine, are the four authors to whom Mr. Gladstone attributes the greatest formative influence on his own mind. Speaking recently of his books, the great statesman said: "If there is one thing I am vainer than another about it is my plan for stacking books. I can get more books into a given space than any man I know."—Chicago Times.

In Cuba smokers consume on an average of from twenty to forty cigarettes, or from six to twelve cigars a day.

Thirty-four salt wells have been put down in Wyoming county, N. Y., this year.

PORTLAND BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

THE ST. CHARLES, C. W. [illegible], Proprietor. Two Hundred Rooms. The Leading Hotel of the Northwest. Corner Front and Morrison streets, Portland, Oregon. This house has just been thoroughly overhauled, from ground floor to attic, being repainted, papered and refurnished throughout. Twenty additional rooms on the west end, second floor, all entirely new in appointments. An Otis Elevator has just been introduced, with a capacity for carrying ten tons weight, making the upper floors as convenient as those on the ground. The St. Charles, as now arranged, is undoubtedly the finest and most complete establishment of the kind in the Northwest. The Restaurant, in charge of Chas. Helman, is conducted in first class style and affords visitors every luxury known to the cuisine. jun4

CORBETT & MACLEAY, IMPORTERS And Wholesale Grocers, Shipping and Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon. jun28 D&W

J. McCRACKEN & CO., IMPORTERS. Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, 60, 62 and 64 North Front street, Portland, Oregon. jun8

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION.

J. C. DEVLIN, PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT. DeCosmos' block, Government street. Dealer in Eastern Cheese, Butter, Hams, Bacon, Lard, Flour and Oatmeal. Island and Mainland produce handled on Commission. Liberal advances made. Consignments of all kinds of produce solicited. sep30

REAL ESTATE.

JOHN J. AUSTIN, NOTARY PUBLIC. Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated, Town and Country Property for sale. Office Bastion street, next to Bank of British Columbia, Victoria. P. O. Box 59.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO., REAL ESTATE AGENTS. Purchase, sell and lease property, collect rents, make loans on mortgage and transact all business relating to real estate. Maps showing the various districts on the Island and Mainland, the situation of desirable City Lots, Homesteads, Gardening and Farm Lands can be consulted at their office. feb13

FINANCIAL.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO., BANKERS. Government street, Victoria, B. C. Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits. Gold dust and U. S. Currency purchased at highest market rates. Sight drafts and telegraphic transfers on San Francisco, New York and Canada. Exchange on London available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland. Letters of credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe. Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

MARKETS.

QUEEN'S MARKET, L. GOODACRE, Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

C. B. ROBELEE, CARPENTER, JOINER & CONTRACTOR, Wharf street, near Johnson, Victoria. All kinds of jobbing promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Houses built on the instalment plan. Charges moderate.

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JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, Government street, Victoria, British Columbia.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

HARRIS & HARGREAVES, CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS AND ARCHITECTS. Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. cor. of Government & Fort Sts., up-stairs, Victoria, B. C.

MERCHANTS.

TURNER, BEETON & CO., MERCHANTS. H. C. Beeton & Co. 30 Finsbury Circus London E.C. Wharf street, Victoria.

GROCERIES.

J. FINLAYSON, GROCER. Corner of Government and Broughton streets, Victoria, B. C. Dealer in fine family groceries of all kinds. Table delicacies in great variety. Also choice tea and coffee.

IRON WORKS

ALBION IRON WORKS CO. (Lim'td.) HOME INDUSTRY. Engines and Boilers of every description, Cooking and Heating Stoves, etc. Andrew Gray, Manager. W. F. Bullen, Secretary.

TAXIDERMIST.

H. C. HALPENNY, TAXIDERMIST. Heads Mounted, Birds and Animals Stuffed with despatch and at reasonable rates. Johnson street, near Quadra, Victoria. dec2 D&W

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS, GAS FITTERS, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in Best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Fort street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call, 12.

TRANSPORTATION.

W. BUCKETT, TRUCK AND DRAYMAN. Begs to inform patrons and public generally that he is still to be found on the old stand, Yates Street, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to receive a share of their patronage. My name will appear on all trucks and drays. All orders left at Baker and Sons' Yates Street, or the Fashion Stables, Fort Street, will receive prompt attention. Aug 5 1mo

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE. A PAYING BUSINESS In New Westminster, B. C., for sale. Six Bedrooms, well furnished, Dining Room and Furniture, Kitchen, with Range, Cooking Utensils and Table Ware. Price $1200. Reasons for selling, old age and being unable to attend to the business. Address W., Herald office, Yale.

MEDICAL.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. Diploma and highest testimonials of proficiency from the University of Edinburgh. Calls promptly attended to. Residence, corner of Douglas and Cormorant street, over Goodall's grocery store.

LEGAL.

EBERTS & TAYLOR, BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS, Langley street, Victoria, B. C. | D. M. Eberts. W. J. Taylor.

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THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY. Established 1797. [illegible] R. D. [illegible], Agent. [illegible] street, Victoria, B. C.

Railways and Steamers.

The Canadian Pacific Railway

Is now open for Freight and Passenger Traffic and Trains are running through

Between Port Moody, Winnipeg, Ottawa, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. Paul, Chicago,

And all points in CANADA and the UNITED STATES.

The equipment of this line is all new and of the highest class. Our Sleeping and Dining Cars are luxurious, and our First and Second Class Cars marvels of comfort. The Cuisine of our Dining Cars is unequalled; every luxury of the season is served in them.

We run the grandest of the finest scenery in the world—Mountains, Lakes, Streams and Prairie.

Smooth, well ballasted Steel Track. **NO DUST.** **FREE SECOND-CLASS SLEEPING CARS**

When Going East Purchase TICKETS via **Canadian Pac Railway.**

☞ MARK AND CONSIGN YOUR FREIGHT BY THIS LINE.

For Tickets, Sleeping Car, Berths and all information, apply at Office of the Canadian Pacific Navigation Company (L'd.), Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.; or, C. P. R. Agent, Port Moody.

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Railways and Steamers.

CANADIAN PACIFIC Navigation Co. (LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 2 Taking effect July 12, 1886.

Burrard Inlet Route.

VICTORIA TO
Port Moody and Vancouver. Daily except Monday, at 2 o'clock.
Moodyville and Hastings. Wednesday and Friday, at 2 o'clock.
Port Moody to Victoria. Daily except Monday, at 7:30 o'clock.
Vancouver to Victoria. Daily except Monday, at 12:30 o'clock.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA
For New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Monday at 6 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
Plumper Pass Friday, at 7 o'clock.
Port Hammond, Monday at 6 o'clock, Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leaves Port Hammond for Victoria, Monday at 11 o'clock, Friday at 10 o'clock.
Leaves New Westminster for Victoria, Tuesday, at 4 a. m.; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass, Tuesday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.

Leaves New Westminster for Hope, Chilliwhack, Sumass, and way Landings Tuesday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
Leaves Hope for New Westminster and way Places Monday and Wednesday at 2 o'clock.
Leaves Chilliwhack, 4 o'clock.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

Steamers leave by Standard Time, which is 19 minutes faster than Victoria time.

G. A. CARLETON, Gen. Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

Oceanic Steamship Company.

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails.

WILL LEAVE the Company's Wharf, Folsom Street, San Francisco, California, for HONOLULU, AUCKLAND AND SYDNEY WITHOUT CHANGE

THE MAGNIFICENT 3000 TON Iron Steamer **MARIPOSA,** February 12th ....at 2 P. M. Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

☞ For freight or passage, apply at office, 327 Market St. JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS., 327 Market Street, San Francisco, California. nov28

PACIFIC Mail Steamship Co.

COMPANY'S STEAMERS sail for

Hongkong via Yokohama,

City of Sydney .... Feb. 21
City of Rio de Janeiro .... March 5
City of New York .... March 24

For New York via Panama,

Steamers will sail 8th, 18th, 23d and 30th of each month for ports of call. See San Francisco papers.

WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO., Gen. Agents, San Francisco.

OREGON RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION CO.
COLUMBIA RIVER ROUTE

TIME TABLE. Commencing Monday, Aug. 2, 1886.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS.

Leaves Victoria at	3:45 a.m.
Arrives at Townsend at	10:00 a.m.
Leaves Townsend at	10:30 a.m.
Arrives at Seattle at	2:00 p.m.
Leaves Seattle at	2:45 p.m.
Arrives at Tacoma at	5:45 p.m.

PACIFIC EXPRESS.

Leaves St. Paul at	4:00 p.m.
Leaves Helena at	6:15 p.m.
Leaves Wallula at	10:50 p.m.
Arrives at Portland at	10:30 a.m.
Leaves Portland at	11:00 a.m.
Leaves Tacoma at	4:00 a.m.
Arrives at Seattle at	6:15 a.m.
Leaves Seattle at	7:00 a.m.
Arrives at Townsend at	11:00 a.m.
Leaves Townsend at	11:30 a.m.
Arrives at Victoria at	3:30 p.m.

For further particulars, apply to **ROBERT IRVING,** General Ticket Agent. Two doors north of Post Office, Government street.

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GENERAL PASSENGER AGENCY.

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To or from Great Britain or the Continent,

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TREATS with the same remarkable success as of old, ALL CHRONIC, NERVOUS AND SPECIAL DISEASES. Correspondence solicited and prompt attention given thereto. Call, or write for pamphlet and list of questions. jun27

OREGON MILLING CO.'S

Royal Flour.

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Carried off two premiums at the late Mechanics' Fair, Portland. At New Orleans was sold at close of Exhibition at a higher price than any other flour, and pronounced by leading bakers to be the best they ever used.

☞ Sold by all leading Grocers.

JOHN WILSON, Moody's Block, Yates street, Victoria, Agent for British Columbia.

Awarded First Premium Oregon State Fair 1882, 1883, 1884. | Awarded First Premium at Portland Mechanics' Fair 1882, 1883, 1884.

Capitol Mills Flour

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

Manufactured by the Salem (Oregon) Capitol Flour Mills Company, Limited.

☞ ONCE TRIED ALWAYS USED.

The above flour was sold at New Orleans, after close of the Exhibition, for 75 cents per barrel more than flour from other States, and pronounced by Mr. Redon, the Baker who bought it the best he had ever used.

Head Office—Edinburgh, Scotland. Mills—Salem, Oregon.

PORTLAND AGENT: ALEX. GRANT, 3 Stark street.

Red Crown Roller Mills

Manufacturers of Albany Patent, Snow Flake Family Wisdom, Bakers' and Mount Hood Superfine Flour.

For sale at wholesale and retail by all respectable grocers.

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Young, middle-aged and old, single or married men, and all who suffer with **LOST MANHOOD,** Nervous Debility, Spermatorrhea, Seminal Losses, Sexual Decay, Failing memory, Weak Eyes, Stunted Development, Lack of Energy, Impoverished Blood, Pimples, Impediments to Marriage; also, Blood and Skin Diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Incontinence, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture—receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life. **Both Sexes** consult confidentially. If in trouble, call immediately or write. Delays are dangerous. nov1 D&W

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The Great English Medicine.

OF PURELY VEGETABLE INGREDIENTS, AND WITHOUT MERCURY. USED BY THE ENGLISH PEOPLE FOR OVER 120 YEARS. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. CANADIAN AGENTS, EVANS SONS & MASON, LTD. MONTREAL.

The Starr Kidney Pad,

A PERMANENT, Sure Cure for Diseases

Disorders and Ailments of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Secretive System, or Attendant Complaints—causing Pain in Small of Back, Sides, etc., producing Urinary Disorders, such as too frequent, Scanty, Difficult, Painful or Copious Micturation, Inability of Retention and Sedimentary Urine, Deposited Symptoms, etc., denoting the presence in the system of Disease existing in the Urinary Secretive Organs, known as Gravel, Catarrh of the Bladder and Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Piles, Nervous Debility, etc., etc.

Pamphlets and Testimonials can be obtained from Druggists free.

PRICES.—Child's Pad, $1.50 (cures bed-wetting); Regular Pad, $2.00. Special Pad for Chronic Diseases $3.00.

"GOOD BACKING."—As the Starr Kidney Pad Co. of Toronto are again introducing in this province their famous cure, it is only fair to call attention to the long period of success which has greeted their Pads, antidote for so many distressing diseases. The inventors complaints of diabetes and Bright's disease or the kidneys are affirmed by reliable people to yield to the persevering application of this company's pads, which have no equal in the affections, weakness of lame backs and all weakness of the kidneys and genito-urinary organs.—Vancouver Colonist, Sept. 11, 1886.

LANGLEY & Co. Wholesale Agents, Victoria, B. C.

Retail by E. Pimbury & Co., Nanaimo, T. Pickard, Denman Island; R. B. Richardson, Cowichan; A. R. Johnston & Co., Chemainus; J. McNeely, Ladner's Landing; A. M. Herring and D. S. Curtis & Co., New Westminster; H. McDowell & Co., Vancouver; McInnis & Bro., Kamloops and Vancouver; Clarke & Co., Kamloops; W. R. Hamer, Pender Valley; and Vancouver Drug Co., Vancouver. sept 11

Land Applications.

Notice is Hereby Given

That the under-mentioned persons intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the under-mentioned tracts of land situated on the north-east coast of Vancouver Island, and described as follows:—

No. 1. Commencing at a post on the shore about half a mile east of the mouth of Salmon River, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, more or less, to the shore line, thence following the shore line to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.

No. 2. Commencing at the south-west corner of F. G. Richards' claim, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

A. A. GREEN.

No. 3. Commencing at the south-west corner of A. A. Green's claim, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

W. P. SAYWARD.

No. 4. Commencing at the north-east corner of F. G. Richards' claim; thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the sea shore, thence northwesterly along the sea shore to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

J. CARROLL.

No. 5. Commencing at the southeast corner of A. A. Green's claim, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres.

J. McALLISTER.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 14, 1886. dec16 law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase (130) one hundred and thirty five acres, more or less, of pastoral land at the Hot Springs, Kootenay District:—

Commencing at a post planted at the south west corner of land purchased by John T. Galbraith on Hot Spring Creek; thence west (50) fifty chains, more or less, to bank of Columbia River; thence southerly, following the bank of said river, to north west corner of land applied for to purchase by Geo. Geary; thence east (40) forty chains, more or less, along the northern boundary of said land; thence north (30) thirty chains, more or less, to place of commencement.

jan 7-law 2mo K. R. S. CLARK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I have applied to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, for a license to cut and carry away timber, from the following sections of land situated on Salmon River, 8½ S. E. ¼ section of section eight North East ¼ section of section Five, Township three containing 300 acres more or less.

dec 22-1mo T. D. JONES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INtend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in New Westminster District, as follows: Commencing at S. Cliffe's N. W. corner, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to the point of commencement. JAS. GRAHAM.

Victoria, B. C., 22d Jan., 1887. ja26-law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INtend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in New Westminster District, described as follows: Commencing at James Grahams' north east corner stake, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement. A. MACPHERSON.

Victoria, B. C. Jany 22 1887. jan 26-law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INtend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in New Westminster District, and described as follows: Commencing at J. King's N. W. corner, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement. ROBT. GRAHAM.

Victoria, B. C., 22d Jan., 1887. ja26-law-2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INtend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in New Westminster District, described as follows: Commencing at a stake three miles north of Daisy Lake, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement. S. CLIFFE.

Victoria, B. C., 22d Jan., 1887. ja26-law-2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate at Otter Cove, Sayward District, described as follows:

Commencing at a stake on Otter Cove; thence west 60 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 160 chains to coast line; thence north along coast line to point of commencement.

A. R. JOHNSTON.

Nanaimo, B. C., Jan. 24, 1887. jan29 law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INtend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of Land situate in New Westminster District and described as follows: Commencing at a stake five miles north of Daisy Lake; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

J. KING.

Victoria, B. C. Jany 22 1887. jan 26-law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INtend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of Land situate in New Westminster District, and described as follows: Commencing at G. McAllister's N. E. corner; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

Wm. LEWIS.

Victoria, B. C. 22 Jany 1887. jan 26-law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INtend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of Land situate in New Westminster District and described as follows: Commencing at Wm. Lewis' S. E. corner; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

L. CASEY.

Victoria, B. C. Jany 22nd 1887. jan 26-law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INtend making application to the Chief Commissioners of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in New Westminster District, and described as follows: Commencing at A. MacPherson's S. W. corner, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

M. KING.

Victoria, B. C., 22d Jan. 1887. ja26-la-w2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in New Westminster District and described as commencing at a stake one mile north of Daisy Lake; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

G. L. HILL.

Victoria, B.C., Jan. 22, 1887. jan26 law2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in New Westminster District and described as commencing at the N. W. corner of G. L. Hill's claim; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement.

GEO. McALLISTER.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 22, 1887. jan26 law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT WE intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 120 acres of land at Menzies Bay Sayward District described as follows:

The north east corner post is situated on the north bank of small river running into Menzies Bay, distance about two miles [illegible] west from aforesaid Menzies Bay, thence running south 20 chains; thence west 100 chains; thence north 20 chains; thence east 100 chains to point of commencement.

JAS. KING. E. PRIEST E. C.

Nanaimo, B. C., Jan. 24, 1887. jan 26-law2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase two hundred acres of land, more or less, situated on the East Coast of Vancouver Island, and described as follows:

Commencing at a stake at the northeast corner of M. C. Ireland's claim, about four miles N. W. of Seymour Rapids; thence running sixty chains west; thence forty chains north; thence 80 chains to beach; thence southwards following meanderings of shore, to point of commencement. [illegible]

January 17, 1887. jan21 law 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase [illegible] acres of land situate at [illegible] Sayward District, described as follows:

Commencing at M. King's S. W. corner, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement.

JAS. KING.

Nanaimo, B. C., Jan. 24, 1887. [illegible]

Land Applications.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for leave to purchase 640 acres of land, situated and described as follows:

Commencing at northwest corner of R. E. Jackson's claim, thence due west 80 chains, more or less, to Sooke river, thence southerly following Sooke river to the north boundary of Section 49, Sooke District; thence N. E. along said boundary line to the northeast corner of said Section 49; thence southerly along the eastern boundaries of Sections 49, 48, 47, 46, Sooke District, thence easterly along the north boundaries of Sections 50, 51, and 52 to western boundary of R. E. Jackson's claim, thence due north to point of commencement.

MATTHEW T. JOHNSTON.

Victoria, B. C., 6th Dec. 1886. dec 8 law-tf

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land, situated and described as follows:

Commencing at N. E. corner of R. E. Jackson's claim, thence due north 40 chains, thence due west 160 chains, more or less, to Sooke River, thence southerly along Sooke river 40 chains, thence due east 160 chains to point of commencement.

M. W. TYRWHITT DRAKE.

Victoria, B. C., 6th Dec. 1886. dec 8 law-1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situated and described as follows:

Commencing at N. E. corner of Section 52 Sooke District, thence due north 80 chains, thence due west 80 chains, thence due south 160 chains to N. E. corner of Section 52, thence in a northeasterly direction to point of commencement.

R. E. JACKSON.

Victoria, B. C. 6th Dec. 1886. dec 8 law-tf

Notices.

Municipal Notice.

Hackmen, Expressmen and Draymen are hereby notified to obtain their Licences at the City Hall forthwith, or they will be proceeded against under the Bylaw.

JAMES D. ROBINSON, C. M. C.

City Hall, 9th February, 1887. jan5

B. C. Milling and Mining Co.,

(LIMITED.)

ASSESSMENT No. 11.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an assessment of one cent per share has been levied upon the members of the above company, payable at the company's Office, Langley Street, Victoria, on or before the 21st day of February, 1887, from and after which date all shares on which the said assessment shall then remain unpaid shall be deemed delinquent.

By order of the Directors.

GEO. A. SARGISON, Secretary.

Dated 21st January, 1887. feb1D&W

Notice.

MR. GUSTAV LEISER HAS BEEN Admitted as a partner in the business of a Dry Goods Merchant, now carried on by Moses Lenz upon Government Street, and the concern will henceforth be known as "LENZ & LEISER."

Victoria, Dec. 4, 1886. MOSES LENZ. GUSTAV LEISER.

Witness, THEODORE DAVIE.

NOTICE.

S. ISAACS will continue the fur business to the old stand formerly occupied by J. H. Mazor, Government Street.

S. ISAACS.

N. B.—All work guaranteed. dec11

"ALMOST"

Given Away for 12 Months, and Premium Thrown in.

IN ORDER TO ESTABLISH A CIRCULATION of 100,000 copies a month of the LADIES DOMESTIC MAGAZINE, the publishers have decided to give a useful premium in addition to a year's subscription of this able and instructive SIXTEEN PAGE MAGAZINE to any one sending 35c. before the 31st January. This Magazine is devoted to the interest of the Ladies; it is full of instructions and general information combining selections from all the leading Magazines and Journals of Home and abroad with originals subjects pertaining to Domestic affairs and the advancement and welfare of the Ladies throughout America. It is the Cheapest and Best publication of the kind in Canada. No Home should be without it, as every Miss, Maid and Mother will be delighted with its contents. Great inducements offered to those getting up Clubs. Men, Women, Boys, and Girls write for full particulars. From one to five dollars a day can be added to regular income by getting subscribers for this indispensable Magazine. Every family will want it and will have it as soon as they see the first issue, which will be distributed at the end of January. Send 35c. at once and secure the premium and start with our first issue. Remember 50c. per annum is the regular subscription. The above offer holds good until the 31st January only.

Address ADELBERT MILES, Business Manager, STANSTEAD, P. Q. Stamps taken. dec 30 D and W

W. E. CHAMBERLAIN & T. A. ROBINSON

PACIFIC Business College, 320 POST ST.

LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS $75
No Vacations
DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS
☞ Ladies admitted into all departments.
☞ Send for circulars.

Kings Head Beer Hall,

JOHNSON STREET

THE old favorably well known House has been splendidly renovated and ranks now amongst the finest fitted up Houses in the town. Wm. White late of the Fountain Saloon, will be happy to see all his old friends and acquaintances, and the aim of the establishment shall be, as in the past, to make the above resort in every respect as comfortable for their guests as possible.

DOERING AND WHITE.

BEER A SPECIALTY, FIVE CENTS A GLASS. jan15

S. S. HYAMS,

OPTICIAN, 307 Fort Street, between Broad and Douglas, Victoria, B. C.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty-five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. ☞ OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

FOR SALE.

The Victoria House, Dry Goods Business,

ESTABLISHED 18 YEARS, AND NOW DOing a profitable trade.

The undersigned wishing to retire, offers the well assorted Stock for Sale on time.

The Brick Store, [illegible], with fixtures complete, can be leased for a term of years, also the brick Warehouse in the rear, with entrance from [illegible] Street.

WILLIAM [illegible]. Government St., Victoria, B. C.

The business will be carried on as usual during the time such sale is made. [illegible]

BROWN'S

Climax Washing Powder.

[illegible]

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Monday, Feb. 14, 1887.

BIRTH.

LEIGHTON.—At Elwood, Victoria District, on the 11th inst., the wife of W. Kirkwood Leighton, of a son.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—It is reported that Mr. Port has harvested at least 500 tons of ice at New Westminster for his fresh fish trade.

—A fine line of water proof coats and umbrellas, cheap at A. GILMORE'S, Johnson street. *

—Should there be a favorable run of salmon this year on the Fraser the pack will be a heavy one.

—SKATES! SKATES!!—A fine assortment of Skates at H. SHORT'S Fort street. *

—Photographic views along the line of the C. P. R. in B. C., for sale at R. MAYNARD'S, Douglas St. †

—EASTERN OYSTERS, fresh every day, at JOE LEVY'S, by gallon, quart or pint. Same price as Island Oysters. *

—The traffic receipts of the C. P. R. for the week ending the 7th are $116,000, an increase of $13,000 over same period last year.

—Don't forget the paper and promenade social to be held in the Methodist church to-morrow evening. Admission 25 cts, including refreshments. *

—The Toronto *Monetary Times* devotes a page of its issue of the 4th inst., to a resume of the trade and progress of this city and province compiled from the New Year's edition of THE TIMES.

—GOODWIN & JORDAN, piano manufacturers, tuning and repairing. FACTORY CORMORANT street, between Douglas and Blanchard. First class work only. Telephone 98; P. O. box 422. *

—To-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m., on the premises of the H. B. Co. at Esquimalt, Messrs. J. P. Davies & Co. will sell by public auction, 300 to 500 tons of wheat, the cargo of the bark Edinburgh.

—Dr. A. C. West, dentist, will for the present occupy dental rooms in Hastings' Photographic buildings, Fort street, where his old patrons and all requiring fine dental work, are respectfully invited to call. *

—The engineers on the Pacific division have asked Supt. Abbott for an increase of wages. Nothing will be done until Mr. Van Horne's arrival at Donald, where he will probably go before returning to Victoria.

—ANOTHER CANDIDATE—With pleasure we announce the candidature of A. B. Erskine to supply the PUBLIC with BOOTS and SHOES at most reasonable prices. CASH is his platform; committee rooms corner Government and Johnson streets; all are invited. *

Hall & Quackenbush, Vancouver, B.C., have the most complete list of business and suburban properties for sale at the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Price and terms to suit all parties. Inquiries by mail promptly answered. References. *

—Mr. A. B. Thorn, official photographer of the C. P. R., has gone to England to secure some special lens for the purpose of taking large mountain views. Last summer Mr. Thorn took over two thousand views along the C. P. R. route through the Rockies, and he will return in time to begin operation in the spring again.

PERSONALS.

At the Clarence: S Tingley, Clinton; J B Taylor, Olympia; Thos P Luther, Tacoma.

Mr. Thos. Mowat, Fishery Inspector, is in the city.

Mr. J. F. Sinclair, of Port Moody, is in the city. He reports that 600 tons of ice has been harvested and stored by him for the fresh fish export business of next summer.

Mr. Thomas Mowat, Fisheries Inspector for British Columbia, was a passenger by the Louise last night. He reports having deposited 500,000 salmon ova in the Nanaimo and Cowichan rivers lately. There are 4,000,000 in the hatchery, which will be deposited in the several streams of the province shortly, all of which are in splendid condition.

Mr. John Porter Mowat, of Campbellton, New Brunswick, brother to Mr. Thos Mowat, of New Westminster, arrived from the east a few days ago. Mr. Mowat is engaged in the lumber and fish trade, and is so well pleased with British Columbia that he purposes removing to New Westminster and engaging in the latter business. He returns east in a few days to close up his business at Campbellton.

Mr. J. P. Mowat, of Campbelltown, N. B., is in the city. Mr. Mowat is engaged in the fish and lumber business and visits this coast with a view to embarking in those lines here. He is pleased with the country, and although the climate is not that of Italy at present still it forms a marked contrast as compared with that of the great Northwest, through which he passed last week, where the glass indicated 56° below zero. Even in the Pullman sleepers the frost was intense. While the train on which he was a passenger, was laying on one of the sidings one of the passengers dropped off the platform, and before he could be picked up his hands became frozen up to the second joint. Mr. Mowat never experienced anything like it on the Atlantic seaboard. He will remain in the city for a few days.

POLICE COURT.

(Before Mr. E. Johnson, S. M.)

Frederick Bishop, charged with being a vagrant; fined $50 or three months.

Masons in Donald.

On Monday, 7th inst., the officers of Mountain Lodge, U. D., G. R., B. C., were installed at Donald, by Rev. D. H. W. Harlock, P. M., Kamloops, assisted by Bros. Clarke and Cameron, as follows: Fred. L. Newman, W. M.; John A. Sweet, S. W.; Thomas Downie, J. W.; E. J. Russell, S. D.; — Hamilton, J. D.; A. J. M. Sprague, Sec. T.; D. Ferguson, I. G., and D. Carmichael, Tyler. After the installation ceremonies were concluded the brethren adjourned to the Windsor House where an excellent supper was served.

Fooling with Boomerang.

The *Columbian* says: "The Victoria TIMES condemns the ignorance and bluster of *Dunsmuir*, and the *Colonist* cries—Hush! Beware? 'you are fooling with Boomerang.' Will the illustrious son of the coal-mine-owner accept as complimentary this new title? Is he one of those uneducated boors who may be amused by a clown."

H. B. Co. at Vancouver.

Mr. T. R. Smith, of the Hudson's Bay Co., has been in Vancouver for several days, making arrangements for the opening of the company's new store there. It is the intention to erect a new building as soon as business will warrant the change. Mr. Weeks is in charge.

ORGANS.

We have a few organs left, which we will sell cheap to close them out.
B. C. Stationery Co.

THE LATE CAPT. WALKER.

The Funeral Ceremonies Directed by the Spiritualistic Society.

The funeral of the late Captain G. G. Walker, on Sunday afternoon, was very largely attended. At an early hour friends of the deceased arrived in large numbers at the residence on Yates street, and took a last look at the remains which where enclosed in a handsome casket covered with floral offerings. Mayor Fell, an "adviser, counsellor and friend" of the deceased in the truest sense, welcomed all who came and invited them to the side of the bier to take a farewell look. The funeral proceeded from the residence to Harmony Hall, View street, the following gentlemen acting as pall-bearers: E. B. Marvin, Henry Saunders, John Jessop, Geo. Turner, J. H. Todd, Frank Campbell, S. Dock, J. Dorman, R. Nuttall. Harmony Hall was crowded before the cortege had arrived, and many were unable to gain an entrance. A large portrait of the deceased hung on the wall, encircled with the words: "Let the good angels come in," and neatly decorated in white tulle and satin—black crape being prohibited. Below the picture were the words: "Happy in the spirit land." The exercises were of an interesting and impressive character, and to very many, an innovation and a novelty. A hymn was sung, a psalm read, and another hymn followed. Miss Johnson then delivered under influence, an eloquent and appropriate oration, concluding as follows: "Are we sad because of the white mantle which covers the land? We are not, for we know that in a few months nature will dive down through the earth's surface and bring forth again the fruits and flowers, which now bear the impress of apparent decay. We know that the seed shall spring up, and when the sower casts them over the land, we know that nature will raise them one hundred fold. Are we to be less anxious of the spirits which are entrenched in such a beautiful work as the human body? What would be the life to come if it did not correspond with the life here? As the morning sun illumines the east and sinks in the glowing west, so human life is garnered by the inexorable laws of nature. Time must minister to human suffering, as the dew and rain minister to the wants of growing flowers. Shed no tears for the spirit that has risen. Time is too short, and the present is more one of rejoicing. There are times when our hearts will not bide those wishes, and tears will flow; but they are like dew to nature, and we should look through them to the world above. Angels wait at the portals of death to guide the going out ones. None are left alone. No barks are stranded on unknown seas. Let us pray that love and wisdom will shed over all human hearts a mantle of human love. These afflicted shall meet where they shall look down upon us here below from the land above." Upon the conclusion of the address, the procession proceeded to Ross Bay, where the remains were tenderly lowered to their last resting place.

Emigration.

Mr. C. S. Jones, for many years assistant manager of the Bank of British Columbia in this city and now agent for this province in Edinburgh, Scotland, writes an interesting letter to the *Scotsman* on the subject of emigration to British Columbia. Mr. Jones is of the opinion that the several colonial governments should set apart certain lands for settlers, and after it has been surveyed into suitable sections, they should then intimate to the Imperial authorities, from time to time, how many emigrants they are prepared to receive, specifying as near as possible the number of men, women, and children that should go in the various batches, and in such numbers as the country could absorb gradually. * * * The all-important question, of course, is—will the Imperial and Colonial authorities be able to agree upon some scheme whereby the necessary funds will be forthcoming? * * * If the resident population of the British Isles can only be kept from increasing too rapidly in the future by systematic emigration, what a benefit it will be to tens of thousands. Think of the awful list of unemployed and paupers there will be a few years hence if some scheme for assisted emigration is not instituted. It is very evident that if a tenth part of the vacant land in the British possessions is to be occupied and partly cultivated in our time, it is absolutely necessary that the government should enable willing emigrants to get there, as the desirable class, as a rule—especially in the case of families—have not sufficient means to enable them to do so. * * * A few words might also often deter the undesirable class from going abroad—such as men of unsteady habits, or too many of that class termed genteel clerks and impecunious young gentlemen. There are too many of this stamp in the colonies already, and if they can't succeed at home, they are not likely to prosper abroad. * * * The best class of settlers for the lands alluded to would be small farmers and their sons, agricultural laborers, and mechanics; and (at last, in regard to the province I represent) respectable females, such as cooks, housemaids, &c., are in great demand, and scores could find immediate employment in Victoria and New Westminster alone, as such, who would also have the best prospects of possessing a house and home of their own within a very short time.

Free Trade.

The reduction of internal revenue and the taking off of revenue stamps from Proprietary Medicines, no doubt has largely benefitted the consumers, as well as relieving the burden of home manufacturers. Especially is this the case with *Green's August Flower* and *Boschee's German Syrup*, as the reduction of thirty-six cents per dozen, has been added to increase the size of the bottles containing these remedies, thereby giving one-fifth more medicine in the 75 cent size. The *August Flower* for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, and the *German Syrup* for Cough and Lung troubles, have perhaps, the largest sale of any medicines in the world. The advantage of increased size of the bottles will be greatly appreciated by the sick and afflicted, in every town and village in civilized countries. Sample bottles for 10 cents remain the same size. *

The Concordia.

The Concordia Comedy company returned from Nanaimo this afternoon where they were accorded a good reception. They will open at the Concordia this evening in an entirely new and original programme.

—Money saved by having your plans made by FISHER, the ARCHITECT. *

3 POINTERS.

Which will show experienced Judges of Value where Bargains are to be had:

1st. All Wool Grey Flannel, 25c per Yard.

2nd. Women's Merino Hosiery, 12½c per pair.

3rd. Wool Goods, in all styles, at Cost.

LANSDOWNE HOUSE, Yates St.
JOHN PARTRIDGE, Proprietor.

THE ELECTION OUTLOOK.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—I do not think that even the Tories of our Local Legislature will deny the persistent and continued efforts made by Sir John A. Macdonald to deprive the Provincial governments of their federal rights and privileges, quite recklessly of the cost to the public, for the litigation between the provinces and the Dominion that such course has entailed.

In my former letters, I have endeavored briefly to indicate how the morals of the turf and the stock exchange has been imported into Sir John's policy, and that his extraordinary and indefensible waste and extravagance of the public treasure, and the public lands in the construction of the national railway has been, not for the country that has paid for it, but for the benefit of a syndicate of his friends, who may now sit down gorged with the plunder to distribute the patronage of their monopoly amongst those who will strive still further to support and uphold Sir John's government, and the vicious system that has enriched them at the immediate and present cost of the nation at large, and their labor and energies in the near future. Placing for a moment "party" altogether aside, one would be inclined to think that this man's steady endeavor to destroy the provincial autonomy of the various provinces by his attempted curtailing of their privileges and the independence of the local legislatures, in order to concentrate all real government at Ottawa, would have created distrust of him in the constituencies, amongst all men not profiting by the abuses permitted under his regime; abuses that have been so well imitated by some of his following in British Columbia. For if federation of the provinces is to be a permanent institution, only honest self-government can secure the smooth action of its machinery. Now, Sir John A. Macdonald has throughout done little else but throw gravel between its wheels to produce the utmost possible friction in our complicated engine involving wheels within wheels, and government by that trinity of parliaments—Imperial, Dominion and Local. What for? Why this? Whilst "Nova Scotia" is eager for separation, to escape at any cost from a bargain that under Sir John's rule has reduced her from prosperity to the verge of ruin!

British Columbia is a maritime province. Like Nova Scotia she has a wealth in coal measures, mines, minerals, timber lands and fisheries, but unlike Nova Scotia has as yet no home manufactures to fall back upon, whilst her natural wealth has been alienated and given away wholesale to railway monopolies, land monopolies, coal monopolies, and the like! Her local land laws under Tory mismanagement practically prohibit her working population from acquiring homes. A workingman is tied down to his pre-emption for ten months of the year; he cannot fall back on the labor market to make the means whereby he can in slack times hew out gradually from our primitive forest lands, a homestead for himself or family, but he must be chained to his pre-emption and live on pine stumps meanwhile, and therefore our laboring population are without homes, do not fix themselves on the soil, but are fugitive, and fluctuating as are our tidal waters. Handicapped by white labor from the States they have also to stand the brunt of Chinese competition, and of Indian competition in the fishery and cannery industries, yet they are the chief consumers who have by indirect taxation contributed the nine hundred thousand dollars of their hard earnings to—our last year's contribution to the treasury of the Dominion. Think of it!!! Also think of what Sir John's government has remitted back of this sum for the public works of British Columbia—next to nothing!

This young province, let us say plainly, is loaded down with an unjust and grinding taxation, direct and indirect, beyond its share, and far beyond any commensurate benefits it receives in return, and matters seem going from bad to worse. It may not be long, perhaps, before this province, also like Nova Scotia, may from like causes, regret the union, if Tory rule continues; and the Dominion may then discover two Irelands in place of one, both holding the termini of the C. P. R. at their extremity, and take what change she may out of the transaction. The cost and burdens to British Columbia under the existing government is relatively enormous; the moral of which state of things is, that, as the state exists for the benefit of citizens and not citizens for the benefit of the state, we, the people, may well demand of our ruler, Sir John A. Macdonald, an account of the stewardship of this his adopted country.

Five hundred years before the era of Christianity was propounded this most perfect maxim of political morality, viz., "that a popular government should regard the least injury done to the meanest individual as an insult to the whole constitution." The organized incarnate selfishness and injustice of the existing state of things, the outcome of Sir John's administration, is a satire of itself upon so noble an apothegm.

With the axiom that the state exists only for the benefit of citizens, comes the definition of what should be the functions of the state, and these functions being defined, the corollary follows that the government should exact from the citizen no contribution of property direct or indirect save what is necessary to enable the state to carry through those functions.

The tendency of enlightened modern opinion is, that as you limit the functions of the state, so do you widen and make more secure the liberty of the subject, and that the only true functions of the state is to secure the community against foreign aggression, and to give to each subject of the state all possible individual freedom that is consentaneous with equal freedom to all.

Now railway monopolies, land monopolies, coal monopolies, manufacturing monopolies, gerrymandering acts, vicious Franchise acts backed by obstructive voting dodges and an onerous taxation, are all measures adopted by the Macdonald gang, and are all devices imported from the States for restricting individual freedom, and the liberty of the subject in Canada. Such are the fruits grafted and grown on the Upas tree of a spurious Toryism, a tree planted by knavery, and watered by bribery and corruption—not the Toryism of the old country, God forbid, but its mongrel imitation without either its virtues or its ancient and honorable traditions; a bastard bantling fathered by a corrupt not a "grand old man," who to make the travesty perfect, apes even in dress and demeanor the shadow of a late great and incorruptible British statesman, the Earl of Beaconsfield, the beloved leader of his party and respected of all. Can any force of imagination connect public men, Tory or Liberal, in England, with railway bribery? Can the democracy of Canada again be taken in, bought and sold, by such a grotesque imposition, such a punch upon stilts? I trow not!

It is a small thing for this great country to demand *character* in its rulers, for such men there is but one principle of public conduct, viz.: To do what they believe is right, and to use place and power as an accident that enables them to better the condition of their fellow men. All other office is [illegible], and a snare and iniquity; and this I take it is about the "aspect" [illegible] is viewed, by a man like Blake, who sees his native country on the [illegible], and guided by the aims of unscrupulous men, towards the precipice of unjust taxation, debt, and national bankruptcy; on the deliberate calculation "it will last my my time, and long enough for me to make my 'pile' and after me, may come the deluge." I am, sir, your obedient servant,

ARTHUR EWD. McCALLUM.

Victoria, 14th Feb., 1887.

My Favorite Receipt.

Some time ago the Royal Baking Powder Co. conceived the idea of collecting from its patrons, for redistribution among them when printed in book form, their best and favorite methods for the preparation of articles of food of all descriptions. In response there were furnished a very large number of practical receipts, from which were selected the 3000 contained in the book entitled "My Favorite Receipt." The publication was intended originally for the contributors only, but the collection proved to be of such remarkable value that its publishers believing its circulation would be productive of good in affording a larger knowledge as to the practical preparation of real home cookery in a way to make it most wholesome and appetizing, have issued an edition for general circulation, which is sold at cost of production and postage. "My Favorite Receipt" contains formulas for the preparation of almost every known dish in every conceivable way. These have been classified into departments representing soups and broths, fish and shell fish, vegetables, meats, stews, poultry and game, eggs, salads, deserts, cake, breads, condiments, beverages, ices, preserves and pickles, preserved meats, canned vegetables, etc., to which a copious index is added. Every branch of the culinary art has received ample attention. The publication is one of unusual value, from the fact that the receipts are thoroughly tested formulas of genuine home cookery. In it each contributor vouches for the utility of her receipt not only, but attests that years of experience have proved it the best way of making the article named, and signs her name and address to it as an evidence of its genuineness and her faith in its superiority.

The practical character of the receipts will especially commend them to American housekeepers. While cookery of the very finest and richest, as well as that more plain and economical, is provided for, "My Favorite Receipt" is not, like many of the cook books of the day, a collection of impracticable, untried, or foreign formulas, following which frequently results in a failure and waste of good materials. The contributions are from every part of the country and give the best experience of the best cooks for preparing the dishes peculiar to each locality.

"My Favorite Receipt" handsomely printed and bound, is sent by the Royal Baking Powder Co., New York, at the nominal price of 50 cents, to any address, express charges paid. *

ANYONE Can earn from two to five dollars a day by soliciting subscribers for the New Ladies' Domestic Magazine to be published in January. It is the best household paper in Canada, subscription only $1.00 per year; bound to sell. The publishers are determined to secure a circulation of 50,000 to start with, and will send the Magazine for a whole year and a valuable present for the. Just think of it, this offer remains good for 60 days only. Address
ADELBERT MILES, Business Manager,
Jan 12-D&W Montreal, P. Q.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powers. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co. 106 Wall Street, New York.

Victoria Transfer Co.
(LIMITED.)

REDUCTION OF Hack Rates.

The following exceptionally low HACK and LIVERY RATES will apply until further notice:

From the Stand to any point within the city limits, one person	25
Driving by the hour, each hour	$1 00
Dinner Parties and Theatres, to and from	1 00
To Trains and Steamers, each person	50
Balls and Parties, each Carriage	2 00
To and from Church, each Carriage	1 00

Hacks furnished any hour of Day or Night.

TELEPHONE CALL 129.

Regular customers having monthly accounts of over $25 will be entitled to a discount of 10 per cent. on above rates.

Having a large number of Carriages, the Company are always in a position to fill an order.
nov17

NEW TO-DAY.

Lulu Island.

Farms of 40 acres, each at $20 per acre.

TERMS $1.00 per acre, cash balance on interest at 6 per cent.

See Rand Bros. about it. They have also large lists of property in all parts of the province.
RAND BROS. Victoria, B. C.
fe 11-D&W tf

Political Meeting.

AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE Victoria Liberal Association will be held on TUESDAY EVENING, FEB. 15, AT EIGHT O'CLOCK,

In building in rear of Mr. Denny's Store, entrance from Broad street. A full attendance is requested, as business of importance will come up for discussion.

A. B. [illegible], President V. L. A.

NEW TO-DAY.

C. BYRNES,
AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION

Wednesday, Feb. 16, 11 a.m.

Furniture, &c.

I have been instructed to sell all the Furniture in the Lodging House over Smith's Cracker Bakery on Fort street.

The contents of Twelve Bedrooms, Sitting Rooms and Kitchen, consisting of Double & and single Bedroom Suites, Blankets, Pillows, Walnut M. T. Bedroom Suite, Bed Lounge, Music Box, Carpets, Blinds, Lamps, Parlor Stoves, Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Crockery, Tinware, &c., &c.

feb11 GEO. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

Underwriters' Sale.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,

Through JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

WHEAT

We have received instructions from CAPTAIN GORDON to sell by

Public Auction,

On the premises of the HUDSON BAY COMPANY, AT ESQUIMALT, ON Tuesday, Feb. 15, 1887, AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.;

For account of whom it may concern.

300 to 500 Tons OF WHEAT,

More or less damaged,

EX BARQUE "EDINBURGH,"

Now lying in Esquimalt Harbor, in distress, bound from Portland, Oregon, for Antwerp, Belgium.

JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

Terms and Conditions of Sale.

CASH before delivery of bills.

BUYERS to pay all Customs Duties and remove the Wheat within five clear days after date of Sale.

The Victoria Transfer Co. will have a "Herdic" leave Campbell's Corner at 10 o'clock on the morning of the Sale.
feb 1

Durable,
Original,
Marvelous,
Excellent,
Simple,
Trusty,
Invincible,
Correct.

Satisfactory,
Everlasting,
Willing,
Improved,
Necessary,
Glorious.

Meritorious,
Appropriate,
Cheering,
Helpful,
Illustrious,
Needful,
Enchanting.

T. W. Fletcher
AGENT,
FORT STREET.
feb 12

Garesche, Green & Co.
BANKERS
GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD, SILVER and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

Gold Dust and U. S. Currency
Purchased at highest market rates.

Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers
San Francisco, New York and Canada.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON,
Available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on the principal Cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.

Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

PIANOS.

We have a few Pianos sent us on consignment, which we will sell CHEAP.
British Columbia Stationery Co.
Next door to Post Office.

Hudson's Bay Company.

Large additions to the present Stock of Oilman's Stores, Wines and Liquors have been received ex "Hermine."

These Goods have been purchased on advantageous terms, and are now being offered at Low Prices.

Further supplies of General Merchandise are expected to arrive shortly, ex "Viola," "Huasquina," "Oban Bay," and "Titania." jan28

REMOVAL.

Messrs. A. GREGG & SON,
Merchant Tailors,

Have Removed to the premises lately occupied by the Queen's Hotel, YATES STREET, where they hope to see all their old friends and Customers.

A New Stock of Imported Woollens

Just opened. An Inspection of our Stock is solicited.
☞ Satisfaction guaranteed or no sale. Terms Cash.

A. GREGG & SON,
ARTIST TAILORS,
Yates Street, - - - Opposite Langley.
feb11

Great Annual Discount Sale OF BOOTS & SHOES

COMMENCES THIS DAY AT THE
City Boot & Shoe Store
AND WILL LAST FOR FORTY DAYS.

☞ Now is your time. $20,000 worth in Stock, the whole to be cleared out to make room for Spring Goods.

G. H. MAYNARD, - - Fort Street.

700
LADIES' STOCKING-KNIT
JERSEYS,
From $1.75 to $3.25

GREAT BARGAINS!

FOR FIFTEEN DAYS ONLY.

CHEAP VARIETY STORE
DOUGLAS STREET.

PUBLIC MEETINGS
Will be held as follows:

Victoria Theatre, Victoria Wednesday, Feb. 16, 7.30 p.m.
Blue Ribbon Hall, Esquimalt, Thursday, Feb. 17, 7.30 p.m.
School House, Cedar Hill, Friday, Feb. 18, 7.30 p.m.
Rowland's, Burnside Road, Saturday, Feb. 19, 7.30 p.m.
Parson's Bridge, Monday Feb. 21, 7.30 p.m.
Peat's, Colwood, Tuesday, Feb. 22, 7.30 p.m.

When Messrs. Baker and Shakespeare will be pleased to meet the voters of the Electoral District for the Commons, to give an account of their stewardship, and to discuss the political issues of the day.

All candidates for the Commons are respectfully invited to be present.

BAKER AND SHAKESPEARE.
Thursday, Feb. 10th, 1887. feb10

WARNING!

Occupants of houses should never[illegible] Windows and Doors against cold drafts by ordering Browne's Patent Metallic and Rubber Weather Strips.

[illegible]

COLD DRAFTS.

[illegible]

THE BISHOP'S CLOSE.
Ladies' Working Party

WILL HOLD A SALE OF WORK OF USEful Clothing and some Fancy Articles, at the CATHEDRAL SCHOOL, THURSDAY, Feb. 17, from 11 to 5.

Proceeds will be devoted to the Diocesan Mission Fund. feb 11

The Ladies of Saanich will hold a
SOCIAL DANCE
Agricultural Hall, South Saanich,
ON FRIDAY, FEB. 25.

For the benefit of a Widow with large young children. Admission $1. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

FRESH
Baltimore Oysters,
BY EXPRESS, EVERY THREE DAYS, AT
R. Beauchamp's,
YATES STREET.
Finnan Haddies Have Arrived.

TO LET.

'The Fashion'
Livery and Sale Stables,
FORT STREET